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AUTHOR Grunbaum, Jo Anne; Kann, Laura; Williams, Barbara I.;

Kinchen, Steven A.; Collins, Janet L.; Baumler, Elizabeth R.;

Kolbe, Lloyd J.

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ABSTRACT

This study investigated characteristics of secondary school health education, examining 36 state surveys and 10 local surveys conducted among representative samples of school principals and lead health educators. From February-May 1998, most schools in participating states and cities required health education in grades 6-12. Of these, a median of 91 percent of schools in states and 86.2 percent of schools in cities taught separate health education courses. The median percentage of schools in each state and city that tried to increase student knowledge in selected topics was greater than 73 percent for each of several topics (e.g., pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, violence, and dietary behaviors). The median percentage of schools with a health educator who coordinated health education was 38.7 across states and 37.6 across cities. A median of 41.8 percent of schools across states and 31.0 percent across cities had a lead health educator with professional preparation in health and physical education. A median of 19.3 percent of schools across states and 2.12 percent across cities had a school health advisory council. The median percentage of schools with a written school or district policy on HIV-infected students or staff was 69.7 percent across states and 84.4 percent across cities. (Contains 14 tables and 11 references.) (SM)







CDC Surveillance Summaries

ED 470 687

Surveillance for Characteristics of Health Education Among Secondary Schools — School Health Education Profiles, 1998

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Aging		,
Health Risks	NCCDPHP	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-8
Health-Care Services	NCCDPHP/NIP	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-8
Health-Related Quality of Life	NCEH/NCCDPHP	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-8
Injuries and Violence	NCIPC/NCCDPHP	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-8
Morbidity and Mortality AIDS/HIV	NCHS/NCCDPHP	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-8
AIDS-Defining Opportunistic Illnesses	NICHET PAICED	4000 V I 40 N 00 0
Among Black and Hispanic Children	NCHSTP/NCID	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-2
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Behavioral Risk Factors	NOLII	1330, VOI. 47, NO. 33-1
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Chlamydia	NCPS	1992; Vol. 41, No. SS-3 1993; Vol. 42, No. SS-3
Cholera	NCID	1993, Vol. 42, No. SS-3 1992; Vol. 41, No. SS-1
Chronic Fatigue Syndrome	NCID	1997; Vol. 46, No. SS-2
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Dengue	NCID	1994; Vol. 43, No. SS-2
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Dracunculiasis	NCID	1992; Vol. 41, No. SS-1
Ectopic Pregnancy	NCCDPHP	1993; Vol. 42, No. SS-6
Elderly, Hospitalizations Among	NCCDPHP	1991; Vol. 40, No. SS-1
Escherichia coli 0157	NCID	1991; Vol. 40, No. SS-1
Evacuation Camps Family Planning Services at Title X Clinics	EPO NCCDBUB	1992; Vol. 41, No. SS-4
Food Safety	NCCDPHP NCID	1995; Vol. 44, No. SS-2
Foodborne-Disease Outbreaks	NCID	1998; Vol. 47, No. SS-4
. Journal Discuss Cathronia	INCID	2000; Vol. 49, No. SS-1

	*Abbreviations
ATSDR	Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
CIO	Centers/Institute/Offices
EPO	Epidemiology Program Office
IHPO	International Health Program Office
NCCDPHP	National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
NCEH	National Center for Environmental Health
NCEHIC	National Center for Environmental Health and Injury Control
NCHSTP	National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention
NCID	National Center for Infectious Diseases
NCIPC	National Center for Injury Prevention and Control
NCPS	National Center for Prevention Services
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NIP	National Immunization Program



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Subject	Responsible CIO/Agency*	Most Recent Report
Giardiasis	NCID	2000: Val 40 Na 60 7
Gonorrhea and Syphilis, Teenagers	NCPS	2000; Vol. 49, No. SS-7
Hazardous Substances Emergency Events		1993; Vol. 42, No. SS-3
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Neisseria gonorrhoeae, Antimicrobial Resistance in	NCDC	1995; Vol. 44, No. SS-3
Neural Tube Defects		1993; Vol. 42, No. SS-3
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Asthma	NUCCII	
Silicosis	NIOSH	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-3
Parasites, Intestinal	NIOSH	1997; Vol. 46, No. SS-1
Pediatric Nutrition	NCID	1991; Vol. 40, No. SS-4
Pertussis	NCCDPHP	1992; Vol. 41, No. SS-7
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Pregnancy, Teenage	NCCDPHP	1993; Vol. 42, No. SS-6
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Tobacco-Control Laws, State	NCCDPHP	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-3
T.L. 11 B. 1	NCCDPHP	1999, VOI. 40, NO. 55-3
China Ditial.	NCEH	1994; Vol. 43, No. SS-3
0	NCID	1996; Vol. 45, No. SS-2
		1992; Vol. 41, No. SS-6
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T:I:	NIP	1998; Vol. 47, No. SS-2
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	EPO	1992; Vol. 41, No. SS-6
	NCCDPHP	2000; Vol. 49, No. SS-5
	NCCDPHP	1997; Vol. 46, No. SS-6
National Alternative High Schools	NCCDPHP	1999; Vol. 48, No. SS-7



State and Local School Health Education Profiles Coordinators

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Joanne Fraser, Ed.D. Kari Senger

Doug White

Jerry Swaim, M.Ed.

Jacqueline Morasco-Engtow, M.S. Frances Meyer J. Dean Lee

Carol Peterson, M.S.

Affiliation

Department of Education
Department of Education
Department of Education
Department of Education
Chicago Public Schools

Dallas Independent School District

Department of Education Department of Education

School Board of Broward County

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Surveillance for Characteristics of Health Education Among Secondary Schools — School Health Education Profiles, 1998

Jo Anne Grunbaum, Ed.D.¹
Laura Kann, Ph.D.¹
Barbara I. Williams, Ph.D.²
Steven A. Kinchen¹
Janet L. Collins, Ph.D.¹
Elizabeth R. Baumler, Ph.D.³
Lloyd J. Kolbe, Ph.D.¹

State and Local School Health Education Profiles Coordinators

¹Division of Adolescent and School Health, National Center for Chronic

Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, CDC

²Westat, Rockville, Maryland

³The University of Texas-Houston, Houston, Texas

Abstract

Problem/Condition: School health education (e.g., classroom instruction) is an essential component of school health programs; such education promotes the health of youth and improves overall public health.

Reporting Period: February-May 1998.

Description of System: The School Health Education Profiles monitor characteristics of health education in middle or junior high schools and senior high schools in the United States. The Profiles are school-based surveys conducted by state and local education agencies. This report summarizes results from 36 state surveys and 10 local surveys conducted among representative samples of school principals and lead health education teachers. The lead health education teacher coordinates health education policies and programs within a middle/junior high school or senior high school.

Results: During the study period, most schools in states and cities that conducted Profiles required health education in grades 6–12. Of these, a median of 91.0% of schools in states and 86.2% of schools in cities taught a separate health education course. The median percentage of schools in each state and city that tried to increase student knowledge in selected topics (i.e., prevention of tobacco use, alcohol and other drug use, pregnancy, human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] infection, other sexually transmitted diseases, violence, or suicide; dietary behaviors and nutrition; and physical activity and fitness) was >73% for each of these topics. The median percentage of schools with a health education teacher who coordinated health education was 38.7% across states and 37.6% across cities. A median of 41.8% of schools across states and a median of 31.0% of schools across cities had a lead health education teacher with professional preparation in health and physical education, whereas a median of 6.0% of schools across states and a median of 5.5% of schools across cities had a lead health education teacher with professional preparation in health education only. A median of



19.3% of schools across states and 21.2% of schools across cities had a school health advisory council. The median percentage of schools with a written school or school district policy on HIV-infected students or school staff members was 69.7% across states and 84.4% across cities.

Interpretation: Many middle/junior high schools and senior high schools require health education to help provide students with knowledge and skills needed for adoption of a healthy lifestyle. However, these schools might not be covering all important topic areas or skills sufficiently. The number of lead health education teachers who are academically prepared in health education and the number of schools with school health advisory councils needs to increase.

Public Health Action: The Profiles data are used by state and local education officials to improve school health education.

INTRODUCTION

School health education helps students develop knowledge and skills they need to avoid or modify behaviors related to the leading causes of death, illness, and injury both during youth and adulthood. The quality of school health education is determined, in part, by the curriculum planning and development process, teacher preparation, curriculum implementation, and assessment and evaluation (1), as well as the resources available to accomplish these tasks.

Curriculum planning and development is enhanced when schools have a school health coordinator and collaborate with parents and community groups. Partnerships between schools and community groups contribute to successful school health programs, increased student knowledge, and improved skills (2).

Health education teachers need to be academically prepared to teach health education and have opportunities for professional development to maintain and improve their knowledge and skills. Lack of teacher training is a serious obstacle to the implementation of effective school health education (3). Teachers who receive training implement health education curricula with more fidelity compared with teachers who do not receive training, resulting in more knowledge gain among students (4).

Health education curricula should be planned, sequential, and implemented for all grades in elementary and middle/junior high schools and through ≥ 1 semester in senior high schools (1,5). Collaboration among health education teachers and other school staff members also improves the implementation of the health education curricula. To supplement the separate health education course, health-related information can be included in a range of disciplines, including physical education, the sciences, mathematics, language arts, social studies, home economics, and the arts (6).

Evaluation of the health education curriculum should include assessment of student knowledge and skills. Assessment data should be used to improve curriculum development and implementation.

In 1995, CDC collaborated with state and large local education agencies to develop the School Health Education Profiles to assess the status of school health education across states and cities. Data were collected in 1996 (7) and again in 1998. State and local education agencies have used these data to monitor characteristics of and assess trends in health education in middle/junior high schools and senior high schools in



their jurisdiction. The Profiles include data from a questionnaire completed by each school's principal and a questionnaire completed by each school's lead health education teacher (i.e., the person who coordinates health education policies and programs within a middle/junior high school or senior high school).

This report summarizes data from the 1998 Profiles (principals' surveys were conducted in 36 states and 10 cities; lead health education teachers' surveys were conducted in 35 states and 10 cities) and compares these data with the 1996 Profiles data. Education agencies repeated the Profiles in Spring 2000.

METHODS

Sampling

The Profiles employ systematic equal-probability sampling strategies to produce representative samples of schools serving students in grades 6–12 in each jurisdiction. In most states and cities, the sampling frame consists of all regular secondary public schools with ≥ 1 of grades 6–12. Some education agencies modify this procedure by inviting all schools, rather than just a sample, to participate.

Data Collection

At each school, data are collected during the spring semester. The principal's questionnaire and the lead health education teacher's questionnaire are both mailed to the principal of each sampled school. The principal determines who the lead health education teacher is and distributes the questionnaire accordingly. Completion of the survey is confidential and voluntary. Responses are recorded on the questionnaire booklet by the principal or teacher and returned directly to the state or local education agency. Follow-up telephone calls and written reminders are used to encourage participation.

Data Analysis

A weighting factor is applied to each record to reflect the likelihood of principals or teachers being selected and to adjust for differing patterns of nonresponse. Data from a state or city with an overall response rate of ≥70% and appropriate documentation were weighted, whereas data from a state or city that did not meet these criteria were not weighted. Weighted data are representative of all public schools serving grades 6–12 in the jurisdiction; unweighted data are representative only of the participating schools. Because of a low response rate, data from principals' surveys conducted in two states and lead health education teachers' surveys conducted in three states are not included in this report. Thus, this report represents information from 35 states with data from both principals' and lead health education teachers' surveys, one state with data from only the principals' survey, and 10 cities with data from both principals' and lead health education teachers' surveys (Table 1).

Across states, the sample sizes of the principals' surveys ranged from 55 to 577, and the response rates ranged from 52% to 96%; across cities, the sample sizes ranged from 33 to 179, and the response rates ranged from 62% to 100% (Table 1). The sample sizes of the lead health education teachers' surveys across states ranged from 54 to



571, and the response rates ranged from 50% to 95%; across cities, the sample sizes ranged from 31 to 168, and the response rates ranged from 59% to 100%.

SAS software was used to compute point estimates (8). Medians are presented for all states (i.e., those with weighted data and those with unweighted data combined) and for all cities (i.e., those with weighted data and those with unweighted data combined). The Wilcoxon rank-sum test was used to test for differences between 1996 and 1998 data across states and cities. This is a nonparametric analogue to a two-sample t-test. This statistical procedure a) rank ordered all sites for both years separately for states and cities; b) summed the ranks separately by year and for states and cities; and c) compared the rank sums separately for states and cities to determine if the distribution of the variable was the same for 1998 and 1996. Assuming that the percentages have an underlying continuous distribution, the distribution of ranks is approximately normal; therefore, a z-value was used as the test statistic. The distributions were considered significantly different at p \leq .05.

RESULTS

Health Education Courses

Required Health Education

Across states, the median percentage of schools that required health education for students in grades 6–12 was 93.1% (range: 74.9%–100%) (Table 2). Across cities, the median percentage of schools that required health education for students in grades 6–12 was 92.1% (range: 2.3%–100%). Among schools that required health education, the median percentage that taught ≥ 1 separate health education course was 91.0% (range: 76.8%–100%) across states and 86.2% (range: 51.2%–97.8%) across cities.

Curricula, Guidelines, and Frameworks for Required Health Education Courses

The median percentage of schools with a required health education course (Table 3) that required teachers to use*

- a state health education curriculum, guidelines, or framework was 83.2% (range: 48.2%–98.9%) across states and 94.4% (range: 68.0%–97.5%) across cities;
- a school district health education curriculum, guidelines, or framework was 81.7% (range: 56.6%–97.3%) across states and 95.5% (range: 77.9%–100%) across cities;
- a school health education curriculum, guidelines, or framework was 73.5% (range: 41.8%–90.5%) across states and 62.0% (range: 56.0%–79.2%) across cities; and
- a commercially developed health education curriculum was 29.4% (range: 17.9%–50.0%) across states and 31.3% (range: 18.2%–57.1%) across cities.

^{*}Schools could report use of ≥1 required curriculum.





Content of Required Health Education Courses

The median percentage of schools that tried to increase student knowledge* (Table 4) in

- tobacco-use prevention was 97.9% (range: 90.0%–100%) across states and 98.0% (range: 90.3%–100%) across cities;
- alcohol and other drug-use (AOD-use) prevention was 99.3% (range: 97.0%–100%) across states and 99.0% (range: 96.8%–100%) across cities;
- dietary behaviors and nutrition was 94.7% (range: 84.6%–98.3%) across states and 94.5% (range: 85.7%–100%) across cities;
- physical activity and fitness was 93.5% (range: 86.2%–99.5%) across states and 92.3% (range: 88.2%–97.7%) across cities;
- pregnancy prevention was 83.9% (range: 42.5%–96.0%) across states and 92.0% (range: 74.2%–97.6%) across cities;
- human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) prevention was 95.8% (range: 73.0%–100%) across states and 100% (range: 92.0%–100%) across cities;
- other sexually transmitted disease (STD) prevention was 93.6% (range: 66.8%–100%) across states and 97.8% (range: 88.7%–100%) across cities;
- violence prevention was 84.6% (76.3%–95.0%) across states and 94.1% (85.2%–100%) across cities; and
- suicide prevention was 73.7% (range: 54.7%–85.1%) across states and 80.0% (range: 53.6%–90.4%) across cities.

The median percentage of schools that tried to improve student skills* (Table 5) in

- analysis of media messages was 79.3% (range: 63.1%–94.2%) across states and 81.8% (range: 50.0%–93.1%) across cities;
- communication was 88.8% (range: 79.6%–95.9%) across states and 93.5% (range: 79.8%–100%) across cities;
- decision making was 96.5% (range: 87.0%–100%) across states and 97.0% (range: 90.3%–100%) across cities;
- goal setting was 90.9% (range: 81.3%–97.9%) across states and 94.2% (range: 93.1%–100%) across cities;
- nonviolent conflict resolution was 83.2% (range: 71.5%–92.8%) across states and 92.9% (range: 85.2%–100%) across cities;
- resisting social pressures was 95.4% (range: 88.3%–100%) across states and 96.9% (range: 91.7%–100%) across cities; and
- stress management was 86.4% (range: 70.3%–95.2%) across states and 89.4% (range: 63.3%–96.9%) across cities.





^{*}In a required health education course.

Coordination of Health Education

Across states and cities, a health education teacher was identified most often (state median: 38.7%; local median: 37.6%) as being responsible for coordinating health education (Table 6). A school district administrator was less likely (state median: 21.3%; local median: 8.2%) to be responsible for coordinating health education, as was a school administrator (state median: 24.4%; local median: 18.1%). A school nurse infrequently or rarely (state median: 1.7%; local median: 2.1%) coordinated health education. The median percentage of schools in which no one was responsible for coordinating health education was 3.9% across states and 3.7% across cities.

The median percentage of schools in which health education teachers planned or coordinated health-related projects or activities (Table 7) with

- physical education (PE) teachers was 56.3% (range: 40.6%–87.1%) across states and 57.2% (range: 30.2%–96.9%) across cities;
- school health services staff members was 39.7% (range: 22.1%–67.7%) across states and 46.1% (range: 34.6%–81.3%) across cities;
- school counselors was 46.9% (range: 30.2%-67.3%) across states and 50.4% (range: 23.2%-61.0%) across cities;
- food service staff members was 12.4% (range: 5.0%–23.4%) across states and 10.7% (range: 0.0%–25.0%) across cities;
- PTA/PTO* members was 9.0% (range: 2.3%–23.3%) across states and 16.4% (range: 5.7%–34.4%) across cities; and
- medical or public health persons was 56.8% (range: 40.9%–71.7%) across states and 56.1% (range: 47.4%–72.7%) across cities.

Professional Preparation of Lead Health Education Teachers

The median percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had professional preparation (Table 8) in

- health and physical education was 41.8% across states and 31.0% across cities;
- health education only was 6.0% across states and 5.5% across cities;
- physical education only was 15.3% across states and 8.1% across cities;
- science, family life education, or elementary education was 15.8% across states and 32.1% across cities; and
- nursing or counseling was 3.4% across states and 3.5% across cities.

Inservice Training in Health Education Topics

The median percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had received ≥4 hours of inservice training during the preceding 2 years (Table 9) in

^{*}Parent Teacher Association/Parent Teacher Organization.



- tobacco-use prevention was 40.4% (range: 28.8%–66.5%) across states and 54.4% (range: 31.0%–100.0%) across cities;
- AOD-use prevention was 50.2% (range: 40.7%–74.9%) across states and 60.9% (range: 41.0%–100.0%) across cities;
- dietary behaviors and nutrition was 35.9% (range: 21.9%–63.7%) across states and 39.0% (range: 20.5%–56.3%) across cities;
- physical activity and fitness was 42.9% (range: 32.9%–59.3%) across states and 44.9% (range: 18.6%–81.5%) across cities;
- pregnancy prevention was 35.4% (range: 21.3%-45.2%) across states and 51.9% (range: 30.9%-83.7%) across cities;
- HIV prevention was 55.7% (range: 37.1%–78.5%) across states and 78.1% (range: 60.7%–100.0.) across cities;
- other STD prevention was 45.9% (range: 28.7%–62.4%) across states and 68.0% (range: 56.1%–100.0%) across cities;
- violence prevention was 43.2% (range: 28.4%–73.0%) across states and 53.1% (range: 42.3%–86.0%) across cities; and
- suicide prevention was 26.2% (range: 14.3%–43.2%) across states and 31.3% (range: 20.5–55.8%) across cities.

The median percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher wanted inservice training (Table 10) in

- tobacco-use prevention was 42.1% (range: 28.9%–54.7%) across states and 43.9% (range: 23.3%–52.8%) across cities;
- AOD-use prevention was 43.9% (range: 33.0%-59.8%) across states and 45.7% (range: 34.6%-61.5%) across cities;
- dietary behaviors and nutrition was 43.2% (range: 34.4%-61.9%) across states and 48.9% (range: 25.0%-68.8%) across cities;
- physical activity and fitness was 32.8% (range: 22.0%-45.1%) across states and 36.6% (range: 23.3%-59.4%) across cities;
- pregnancy prevention was 42.3% (range: 29.5%–56.3%) across states and 43.4% (range: 18.6%–54.5%) across cities;
- HIV prevention was 44.1% (range: 33.0%-62.5%) across states and 40.6% (range: 22.7%-55.2%) across cities;
- other STD prevention was 44.5% (range: 34.8%–59.9%) across states and 40.0% (range: 22.7%–54.5%) across cities;
- violence prevention was 48.6% (range: 40.0%-65.4%) across states and 50.3% (range: 41.9%-69.2%) across cities; and



• suicide prevention was 59.4% (range: 47.3%–69.5%) across states and 65.6% (range: 46.5%–85.2%) across cities.

Parental and Community Involvement in School Health Education

School health advisory councils can involve the community and parents in conducting needs assessments, developing school policies, and coordinating school programs and resources. The percentage of schools with an advisory council ranged from 6.6% to 56.8% (median: 19.3%) across states and from 10.0% to 100% (median: 21.2%) across cities.

The median percentage of schools that reported receiving parental feedback on health education was 55.2% (range: 34.4%–70.2%) across states and 53.0% (range: 40.0%–84.0%) across cities (Table 11). Among those that received feedback, the median percentage of schools that received mainly positive feedback was 86.9% across states and 91.3% across cities. The median percentage of schools that received mainly negative feedback was 1.3% across states and 0.0% across cities, and the median percentage that received equally positive and negative feedback was 11.8% across states and 8.7% across cities.

The median percentage of schools that involved parents in school health education (Table 12) by

- sending parents educational materials on HIV infection/acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) was 13.2% across states and 29.6% across cities;
- sending parents newsletters on HIV infection/AIDS was 12.4% across states and 28.8% across cities;
- inviting parents to attend a class on HIV infection/AIDS was 18.9% across states and 32.3% across cities; and
- offering parents school programs on HIV infection/AIDS was 7.8% across states and 16.2% across cities.

HIV Infection/AIDS Education

Among schools that taught HIV infection/AIDS education as part of a required health education course, the median percentage of schools (Table 13) that taught

- how HIV is and is not transmitted was 95.7% (range: 71.5%–100%) across states and 97.0% (range: 93.9%–100%) across cities;
- reasons for choosing sexual abstinence was 93.9% (65.7%–99.3%) across states and 94.5% (86.6%–100%) across cities;
- information on condom efficiency was 69.9% (range: 31.3%–84.3%) across states and 83.3% (range: 57.7%–98.0%) across cities;
- how to use condoms correctly was 43.3% (range: 12.9%-72.3%) across states and 68.4% (range: 49.5%-92.0%) across cities;



- statistics on adolescent death and disability related to HIV infection/AIDS was 73.6% (range: 57.0%–87.1%) across states and 83.7% (range: 64.9%–94.0%) across cities; and
- information on HIV testing and counseling was 75.2% (range: 54.3%–90.8%) across states and 89.1% (range: 69.4%–96.0%) across cities.

Policies on HIV-Infected Students or School Staff Members

The median percentage of schools with a written school or school district policy on HIV-infected students or school staff members was 69.7% (range: 48.7%–87.6%) across states and 84.4% (range: 76.3%–100%) across cities (Table 14). Among those that had a written policy, the median percentage of schools with a written policy that addressed

- maintenance of confidentiality for HIV-infected students and staff members was 93.0% (range: 86.8%–100%) across states and 97.3% (range: 86.1%–100%) across cities;
- protection of HIV-infected students and staff members from discrimination was 89.5% (range: 80.9%–100%) across states and 94.9% (range: 89.3%–100%) across cities;
- worksite safety was 91.9% (range: 85.7%–100%) across states and 93.2% (range: 86.8%–100%) across cities;
- attendance at school of HIV-infected students was 86.1% (range: 79.3%–93.6%)_ across states and 86.0% (range: 78.5%–100%) across cities;
- communication of the policy to students, staff members, and parents was 76.2% (range: 66.9%–84.8%) across states and 85.5% (range: 76.3%–100%) across cities;
- confidential counseling for HIV-infected students was 57.1% (range: 40.6%–69.3%) across states and 72.8% (range: 0%–86.6%) across cities; and
- staff training on HIV infection was 73.2% (range: 46.2%–83.7%) across states and 80.3% (range: 54.4%–100%) across cities.

Changes Between the 1996 and 1998 Profiles

The Profiles were conducted in 1996 and 1998, with both surveys using many of the same questions. For this report, data from questions that were the same in 1996 and 1998 were analyzed for changes over time (data not shown).

- Improvements from 1996 to 1998 include:
 - an increase in the percentage of schools across states that required a health education course;
 - an increase in the percentage of schools across cities that taught tobacco-use prevention;
 - an increase in the percentage of schools across states that taught analysis of media messages; and



- a decrease in the percentage of schools across states that had no health education coordinator.
- Deteriorations from 1996 to 1998 include:
 - a decrease in the percentage of schools across states and cities that required health education;
 - a decrease in the percentage of schools across states and cities that taught how HIV is and is not transmitted; and
 - a decrease in the percentage of schools across states that taught reasons for choosing sexual abstinence.
- No changes from 1996 to 1998 include:
 - the percentage of schools across cities that required a health education course;
 - the percentage of schools across states that taught tobacco-use prevention;
 - the percentage of schools across states and cities that taught dietary behaviors and nutrition; physical activity and fitness; and prevention of AOD-use, pregnancy, HIV infection, other STDs, violence, and suicide;
 - the percentage of schools across states and cities that taught skills related to communication, decision making, goal setting, resisting social pressure, conflict resolution, and stress management;
 - the percentage of schools across cities that taught analysis of media messages;
 - the percentage of schools across cities that had no health education coordinator;
 - the percentage of schools across states and cities that had a lead health education teacher to coordinate health education;
 - the percentage of schools across states and cities in which the lead health education teacher has professional preparation in health education or health education and physical education;
- the percentage of schools across cities that taught reasons for choosing sexual abstinence;
- the percentage of schools across states and cities that taught correct use of condoms and condom efficiency;
- the percentage of schools across states and cities with a written school or school district policy on HIV-infected students and school staff members; and
- the percentage of schools across states and cities with a written school or school district policy on HIV-infected students and school staff members that included topics related to confidentiality, discrimination, worksite safety, and communication.



DISCUSSION

School health education could be one of the most effective means to reduce and prevent serious health problems in the United States, including cardiovascular disease, cancer, motor vehicle crashes, homicide, and suicide (5). Schools and districts could improve school health education through enhanced curriculum planning and development, curriculum implementation, teacher qualification and preparation, and assessment and evaluation (1). The Profiles provide data related to the first three categories.

The 1998 Profiles data demonstrated that many schools have implemented programs and policies that can have a positive influence on health education curriculum planning and development. The median percentage of schools without a health education coordinator was only 3.9% among states and 3.7% among cities. The percentage of schools that planned or coordinated health education projects or activities with the PTA/PTO was low, but the median percentage of schools that planned or coordinated such projects or activities with medical or public health persons was 56.8% across states and 56.1% across cities. Schools need to increase collaboration with families and medical and public health personnel.

According to the 1998 Profiles data, some health education teachers are collaborating with teachers in other subject areas to implement health education. The median percentage of schools in which health education teachers planned or coordinated health-related projects with PE teachers, school counselors, or health services or food service staff members ranged from 12.4% to 56.3% across states and from 10.7% to 57.2% across cities. Collaborative curriculum planning between health education teachers and other school staff members should be encouraged.

Few schools had a lead health education teacher whose professional preparation was in health education only, but more schools had a lead health education teacher with professional preparation in health and physical education. However, many schools had a lead health education teacher whose professional preparation was not in health education. The number of health education teachers with training in health education needs to increase.

Opportunities for professional development are important for maintaining and upgrading knowledge and skills. The median percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had received ≥4 hours of inservice training during the preceding 2 years in a specific health topic varied by topic. More frequent inservice training with the most up-to-date information is needed to help teachers confidently and effectively present health education topics to their students.

Many adolescents in the United States engage in behaviors that increase their risk for HIV infection (9). The Profiles data indicated that most schools in states and cities taught skills to reduce such risk behaviors, and the median percentage of schools across states and cities that taught HIV prevention as part of a mandatory health education course was >95%.

To help education agencies select health-related curricula that are effective in changing behavior, CDC identifies curricula with credible evidence of reducing health risk behaviors among youth. Five curricula that have demonstrated evidence of reducing sexual risk behaviors for HIV infection, other STDs, and unintended pregnancies are Be Proud! Be Responsible! Strategies to Empower Youth to Reduce Their Risk for AIDS; Get Real About AIDS®; Reducing the Risk: Building Skills to Prevent Pregnancy, STDs,



and HIV; Becoming a Responsible Teen; and Focus on Kids: HIV Awareness. Two curricula that have demonstrated evidence of reducing tobacco use are *Project Toward No Tobacco Use (Project TNT)* and *Life Skills Training*.

The findings in this report are subject to several limitations. First, these data apply only to public-middle/junior high schools and senior high schools. Second, the data are self-reported by principals and lead health education teachers. Finally, the Profiles data do not provide an indepth assessment of all elements of school health education.

To provide a more comprehensive description of school health education and other components of school health programs, CDC periodically conducts the School Health Policies and Programs Study (SHPPS). SHPPS was first conducted in Spring 1994 (10) and repeated in Spring 2000 (11). SHPPS 2000 is designed to achieve the following goals:

- Monitor the status of the nation's school health policies and programs at the state, district, school, and classroom levels across eight school health program components (i.e., health education, physical education, health services, food service, school policy and environment, mental health and social services, faculty and staff health promotion, and family and community involvement).
- Describe the professional background of the persons who deliver each component of the school health program.
- Describe the coordination among the components of the school health program.
- Describe the relationships between state and school district policies and school
 health programs and practices.
- Identify the factors that facilitate or impede delivery of effective school health programs.
- Provide national data against which states and cities can compare their Profiles data.

The SHPPS and Profiles provide important data regarding school health education in the United States. These data can be used by state and local education officials to improve programs in this field.

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TABLE 1. Sample sizes and response rates, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, principals' and teachers' surveys, 1998

	Princip	als' surveys	Teach	ers' surveys
0.4	Sample	Response	Sample	Response
Site	size	rate (%)	size size	rate (%)
STATE SURVEYS				
Weighted Data				
Alabama	160	96	159	95
Alaska	222	70	NA*	NA
Arkansas	234	75	227	73
California	391	76	384	75
Delaware	55	89	54	87
Georgia	312	83	307	82
Hawaii	NA	NA	60	71
Idaho	200	84	195	82
Illinois [†]	360	83	354	81
Iowa	281	81	254	73
Louisiana⁵	267	81	253	76
Maine	185	81	178	78
Massachusetts	577	85	571	84
Michigan	313	84	309	83
Minnesota	354	91	338	87
Missouri	313	75	317	75
Montana	304	88	299	75 87
Nebraska	358	78	329	72
New Hampshire	183	78 87	169	
New Mexico	184	70	NA	80
New York	418	70 86		NA 92
North Dakota	194	86	399	82
Ohio	399	80	189	84
Pennsylvania	309		394	79
South Carolina		73	303	72
Utah	305	71	NA	NA
	211	71	NA NA	NA
Virginia	207	71	NA	NA
West Virginia	205	96	203	95
Wisconsin	369	74	359	72
Wyoming	133	83	NA	NA
Unweighted Data				
Alaska	NA	NA	190	60
Florida [¶]	232	57	208	51
Hawaii	57	68	NA	NA
New Jersey	284	55	285	55
New Mexico	NA	NA	175	67
North Carolina	219	52	NA	NA
Oregon	353	55	321	50
South Carolina	NA	NA	288	67
South Dakota	107	67	93	58
Tennessee	262	67	261	67
Utah	NA	NA	205	69
Virginia	NA	NA	198	68
Wyoming	NA	NA	94	58



TABLE 1. (Continued) Sample sizes and response rates, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, principals' and teachers' surveys, 1998

	Princip	als' surveys	Teach	ers' surveys
Site	Sample size	Response rate (%)	Sample size	Response rate (%)
LOCAL SURVEYS				
Weighted Data				
Dallas	52	98	52	98
Ft. Lauderdale	70	100	70	100
Houston	NA	NA	43	70
Los Angeles	99	82	99	82
Miami	88	96	87	95
New Orleans	33	100	33	100
Philadelphia	105	81	104	80
San Diego	44	100	44	100
San Francisco	36	80	NA	NA
Unweighted Data				
Chicago	179	63	168	59
Houston	38	62	NA	-NA
San Francisco	NA	NA	31	69

^{*} Not available.



[†] Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

§ Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.

¶ Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

TABLE 2. Percentage of schools that required health education in grades 6–12 and, among those schools, percentage that taught ≥1 separate health education course, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, principals' surveys, 1998

Site	Required health education	Taught ≥1 separate health education course
STATE SURVEYS		
Weighted Data		
Alabama	85.6	85.6
Alaska	90.3	92.6
Arkansas	95.6	100.0
California	80.2	76.8
Delaware	96.3	98.0
Georgia	100.0	93.7
Idaho	96.3	96.6
Illinois*	94.6	89.4
lowa	77.9	90.4
Louisiana [†]	84.7	80.0
Maine	93.1	93.9
Massachusetts	93.1	94.2
Michigan	83.0	89.3
Minnesota	96.2	98.2
Missouri	79.9	89.6
Montana	93.0	82.1
Nebraska	85.1	91.6
New Hampshire	88.4	93.8
New Mexico	74.9	81.6
New York	98.9	100.0
North Dakota	92.7	93.4
Ohio	98.7	99.2
Pennsylvania	98.5	98.2
South Carolina	85.2	79.3
Utah	94.8	98.6
Virginia	93.6	80.2
West Virginia	97.1	97.3
Wisconsin	91.8	96.8
Wyoming	85.8	82.1
Unweighted Data		32.1
Florida	80.1	83.4
Hawaii	100.0	100.0
New Jersey	99.6	90.5
North Carolina	93.6	83.8
Oregon	97.7	82.6
South Dakota	76.4	84.0
Tennessee	85.3	78.9
State Median	93.1	91.0



TABLE 2. (Continued) Percentage of schools that required health education in grades 6-12 and, among those schools, percentage that taught ≥1 separate health education course, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, principals' surveys, 1998

Site	Required health education	Taught ≥1 separate health education course
LOCAL SURVEYS		
Weighted Data		
Dallas	69.4	87.5
Ft. Lauderdale	95.7	86.2
Los Angeles	100.0	97.8
Miami	67.6	66.9
New Orleans	100.0	90.6
Philadelphia	92.4	90.1
San Diego	2.3	NA [¶]
San Francisco	91.7	77.2
Unweighted Data		
Chicago	77.4	51.2
Houston	94.7	85.7
Local Median	92.1	86.2

^{*} Survey did not include schools from Chicago.



[†] Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.

§ Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

[¶] Not available.

TABLE 3. Percentage of schools with a required health education course that required teachers to use a specific curriculum, guidelines, or framework, selected U.S. sites—School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

Site	State curriculum, guidelines, or framework	School district curriculum, guidelines, or framework	School curriculum, guidelines, or	Commercial
STATE SURVEYS			Hallework	curriculum
Weighted Data				-
Alabama	98.4	62.4	1	
Arkansas	87.2	02.4	68.5	32.0
California	. 08 	28.80	65.7	24.0
Delaware	90.5	90.1	65.2	39.3
Georgia	2.00 98 q	80.0	73.5	23.9
Hawaii	5. 60	85./	74.8	36.9
Idaho	2.18 c.05	65.8	65.8	25.1
***************************************	/0.2 86.7	82.1	9.99	33.1
owa	64.7	76.8	74.4	36.9
Louisianat	04.7	78.9	84.4	29.6
Maine	90.0	69.1	56.8	36.3
Massachusetts		65.4	74.1	17.9
Michigan	750	80.4	83.3	42.8
Minnesota	70.4	88.9	79.5	26.8
Missouri	62.4 r r r	73.3	70.9	24.2
Montana	/ / / /	89.1	85.2	26.5
Nebraska	55.1	74.3	78.1	27.1
New Hampshire	48.2	62.0	78.4	27.1
New York	98./ 99.1	62.6	73.4	27.2
North Dakota	09.7	84.9	71.2	23.9
Ohio	93.9	56.6	8.69	28.1
Pennsylvania	4.77	94.7	79.1	24.4
West Virginia	02./ 08 E	94.0	86.6	31.4
Wisconsin	36.3	80.7	72.2	39.5
	70.4	91.9	84.7	97.9



TABLE 3. (Continued) Percentage of schools with a required health education course that required teachers to use a specific curriculum, guidelines, or framework, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

Site	State curriculum, guidelines, or framework	School district curriculum, guidelines, or framework	School curriculum, guidelines, or framework	Commercial
Unweighted Data				
Alaska	55.3	0.06	52.7	326
Florida⁵	95.1	93.0	56.3	33.1
New Jersey	93.8	97.3	90.5	29.4
New Mexico	93.2	92.4	74.6	28.7
Oregon	89.2	92.4	74.9	41.0
South Carolina	82.8	83.7	65.6	37.9
South Dakota	50.8	73.4	85.5	42.6
Tennessee	93.8	66.3	62.3	27.2
Utah	94.1	74.3	41.8	5 6 6 6 6 6 6
Virginia	89.7	81.7	68.5	26.4
Wyoming	58.6	96.1	81.2	50.0
State Median	83.2	81.7	73.5	29.6
LOCAL SURVEYS				
Weighted Data				
Dallas	6.96	100.0	66.6	27.4
Ft. Lauderdale	94.4	100.0	62.0	26.0
Houston	97.5	100.0	68.1	32.6
Los Angeles	92.2	97.8	61.6	18.2
Miami	96.1	94.2	56.0	: E
New Orleans	96.8	79.3	60.7	57.1
Philadelphia	68.0	95.5	70.5	28.6
San Diego	ξďZ	٩Z	42	Ą
Unweighted Data				
Chicago	88.9	77.9	79.2	41.6
San Francisco	91.7	88.5	58.3	47.8
Local Median	94.4	95.5	62.0	31.3
* C *				

^{*} Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

† Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.

§ Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

¶ Not available.

TABLE 4. Percentage of schools that tried to increase student knowledge in specific topics,* selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

		Sec. /s/ss.							
	Tobacco- use	Alcohol and other drug-use	Dietary behaviors and	Physical activity and	Pregnancy	ŻH	Other STD [§]	Violence	
Site	prevention	prevention	nutrition	fitness	prevention	prevention	prevention	prevention	prevention
STATE SURVEYS									
Weighted Data									
Alabama	94.9	98.3	93.0	94.8	80.5	95.0	94.1	82.4	76.9
Arkansas	96.1	9.66	97.3	97.8	84.6	93.5	92.0	81.9	85.1
California	97.9	98.7	89.7	92.1	85.4	95.8	92.9	86.1	59.4
Delaware	98.0	100.0	92.1	86.2	96.0	100.0	96.1	94.0	76.5
Georgia	98.2	99.4	98.3	95.2	89.0	96.1	94.4	88.4	76.3
Hawaii	100.0	100.0	98.2	93.5	93.1	100.0	100.0	90.0	75.1
ldaho	96.0	99.0	92.6	93.6	68.1	91.4	90.1	84.6	81.5
Illinois	98.7	99.7	95.0	94.0	83.9	97.4	93.3	78.4	72.4
lowa	97.0	100.0	93.1	91.3	82.5	95.2	93.1	78.4	74.4
Louisiana**	97.6	99.0	88.3	95.2	42.5	73.0	8.99	87.9	62.8
Maine	97.2	98.7	95.9	92.7	88.5	95.8	95.2	85.4	74.8
Massachusetts	98.4	98.8	96.4	94.0	82.7	7.76	93.5	95.0	9.69
Michigan	98.4	99.2	95.1	89.9	74.7	95.3	91.1	80.4	61.0
Minnesota	99.1	99.3	92.6	89.7	87.7	97.4	95.0	83.7	77.5
Missouri	98.8	98.8	93.5	93.9	83.6	93.3	8.06	84.6	6.69
Montana	96.4	98.8	94.8	98.4	72.3	90.5	84.7	81.6	64.6
Nebraska	98.9	99.5	92.9	91.6	0.69	92.5	84.1	78.2	69.2
New Hampshire	95.2	100.0	92.2	86.9	77.9	95.7	93.4	87.3	67.8
New York	98.7	99.4	95.0	90.3	85.5	99.2	97.4	84.3	80.2
North Dakota	98.9	100.0	97.2	96.7	76.5	94.1	88.6	82.6	76.8
Ohio	97.8	99.5	94.7	90.9	83.8	96.2	96.4	76.9	75.2
Pennsylvania	98.7	98.8	88.7	89.5	83.8	98.9	93.3	76.3	65.7
West Virginia	99.0	100.0	97.9	96.7	84.3	8.96	93.6	90.6	78.9
Wisconsin	96.3	98.5	93.8	9.68	94.0	7.76	97.1	83.9	83.7
Unweighted Data									
Alaska	96.4	97.0	84.6	8.06	70.6	85.4	78.4	76.8	8 0 9
Florida ¹¹	100.0	100.0	95.2	91.8	93.1	99.3	99.3	90.5	82.6
New Jersey	98.5	9.66	92.7	93.5	89.7	98.5	97.0	92.3	76.1
New Mexico	95.8	97.5	95.8	8.06	85.0	95.0	95.0	83.3	73.7



TABLE 4. (*Continued*) Percentage of schools that tried to increase student knowledge in specific topics,* selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

	Tobacco-	Alcohol and other	Dietary behaviors	Physical activity			Other		
Site	use prevention	drug-use prevention	and nutrition	and fitness	Pregnancy prevention	HIV [†] prevention	STD [§]	Violence	Suicide
Unweighted Data									
Oregon	9.96	98.0	92.5	94.9	77.1	96.3	30.5	α	67.4
South Carolina	90.0	97.2	91.9	92.9	89.9	93.8	943	848	7.75
South Dakota	98.5	100.0	92.3	98.5	78.5	6.96 6.96	93.8	5 C	- œ
Tennessee	98.5	99.5	94.9	99.5	88.7	98.0	94.4	90.3	70.7
Utah	95.7	98.4	97.3	93.0	75.8	93.6	92.5	88.1	78.1
Virginia	93.7	6.86	92.6	98.3	84.1	94.8	94.9	81.2	72.9
Wyoming	97.4	100.0	92.2	97.4	77.9	97.4	97.4	88.3	54.7
State Median	97.9	99.3	94.7	93.5	83.9	95.8	93.6	846	737
LOCAL SURVEYS						I - -	•		;
Weighted Data									
Dallas	97.0	97.0	94.1	88.2	93.9	97.0	97.0	6 06	78.8
Ft. Lauderdale	98.1	100.0	98.1	88.9	84.9	94.4	92.6	85.2	2.1.0
Houston	8.96	100.0	96.9	93.5	89.4	100.0	97.8	3.95 6.95	90.7
Los Angeles	100.0	98.8	98.8	92.3	97.6	100.0	100.0	91.2	828
Miami	96.1	100.0	94.2	92.1	96.1	100.0	100.0	94.1	90.4
New Orleans	90.3	8.96	85.7	93.5	93.5	100.0	93.5	100.0	65.5
Philadelphia	100.0	98.9	94.5	97.7	91.3	98.0	0.66	96.7	66.4
San Diego	NA⁵⁵	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	A V	A V	ΥZ	ΑN	Ϋ́
Unweighted Data								•	• •
Chicago	98.0	0.66	88.9	97.0	74.2	92.0	88.7	93.0	53.6
San Francisco	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.3	92.0	100.0	100.0	96.2	80.0
Local Median	98.0	99.0	94.5	92.3	92.0	100.0	97.8	94.1	80.0
**************************************	14h odinosia			-					

* In a required health education course.

† Human immunodeficiency virus.

§ Sexually transmitted disease.

Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

** Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.

¹¹ Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

§§ Not available.



TABLE 5. Percentage of schools that tried to improve specific student skills,* selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

	200: /2/						
	Analysis of				Nonviolent	Resisting	
Site	media messages	Communication	Decision making	Goal setting	conflict resolution	social	Stress
STATE SURVEYS							
Weighted Data							
Alabama	63.1	85.8	93.9	89.6	0.28	00 0	0
Arkansas	67.2	88.9	96.4	94.6	85.0 85.0	93.3	0.70
California	84.7	88.0	96.3	8.06	85.3	4.76 0.77	91.6 4.05
Delaware	86.0	95.9	100.0	96.0	86.2	100.1	4.07
Georgia	85.0	94.0	98.8	97.2	89.3	9.00	90.0
Hawaii	79.5	95.1	100.0	96.5	0.08	98.0	- 6
Idaho	79.3	89.9	95.4	92.3	83.2	93.8 93.8	2.60
Illinois¹	76.0	83.7	95.4	87.8	80.9	95.7	03.00
lowa	72.5	82.9	96.5	88.9	715	93.7	00.0
Louisiana§	63.8	87.4	95.5	89.4	87.3	93.7	90.4
Maine	86.3	92.5	96.7	88.5	82.8	- 56 63 6	90.1 80.2
Massachusetts	94.2	94.2	97.8	91.2	92.8	98.4	09:3
Michigan	84.3	85.6	94.7	88.2	81.0	95.4	0.50 4. 4.
Minnesota	81.3	88.7	97.0	87.7	78.1	0 0 0 0 0 0	0.1.0
Missouri	76.0	88.1	95.9	91.3	20.7	0.00	00.00
Montana	72.7	83.3	89.9	84.3	75.2	9.7.4	7.70
Nebraska	73.7	85.7	92.7	86.4	79.5 8.67	03.7	0.87
New Hampshire	88.0	92.7	97.8	87.5	86.4	93.7	04:0
New York	90.6	92.4	96.2	89.3	80.9	2.50	94.4
North Dakota	73.9	95.4	98.3	91.5	78.1	7.76 9.86	90.0 7 90
Ohio	78.5	87.2	92.6	89.9	76.1	0.76	00.7
Pennsylvania	82.1	84.8	8.96	86.7	75.6	t 7	03.0
West Virginia	77.3	93.3	97.8	8.96	o o	t 0	99.4
Wisconsin	84.0	93.3	98.3	93.3	80.5 5.5	90.9	00.7
Unweighted Data			ı)	?	00	92.0
Alaska	64.1	79.6	87.0	81.3	27.2	6 88	6
Florida¶	88.4	93.8	6 99	97.0	7. 7.	00.0	70.3
			0.00	51.5	91.7	38.6	95.2



TABLE 5. (Continued) Percentage of schools that tried to improve specific student skills,* selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

Site Unweighted Data New Jersey New Mexico							
Site Unweighted Data New Jersey New Mexico	مناصي		:	•	Nonviolent	Resisting	
Unweighted Data New Jersey New Mexico	messages	Communication	Decision	Goal	conflict	social	Stress
New Jersey New Mexico				5	Connocal	pressures	management
New Mexico	85.8	91.2	98.5	946	89.7	00	c L
	77.5	8 06	6 80	0.70	2.50	2.66	82.8
Oregon	27.7	0.00	2 0	34.2	84.2	96.7	82.5
Court Corolling	1 0	00.0	97.3	8.06	84.4	97.3	87.1
South Carolina	/7.7	85.2	93.4	91.5	79.6	94.3	82.4
South Dakota	70.8	84.4	95.4	92.4	89.1	63.9	83.1
lennessee	75.9	88.8	94.9	91.9	88.8	94.9	2.7
Utah	84.9	91.8	97.9	6.06	82.5	96.8	- 6
Virginia	82.2	87.9	98.3	89.6	80.7	0 O	93.0
Wyoming	74.7	91.0	94.9	5 O6	, u	9.00 C 90	00.0
State Median	79.3	8	3 30		C (30.7	83.
LOCAL SURVEYS		9	0.00	90.3	83.2	95.4	86.4
Weighted Data							
Dallas	88.3	97.0	97.0	93.9	1 70	7	o o
Ft. Lauderdale	86.8	906	94.4	0.00	- 6	94.1	96.9
Houston	76.1	93.5	1000	2.4.2	7.00	96.3	94.4
l os Angeles	02.1) (0.00	0.00	80.8	6.96	89.4
Minm:	93.1	90.5	9.76	92.6	90.1	97.8	88.5
Main Dalassa	84.3	94.1	98.0	100.0	90.2	98.0	92.1
New Orleans	20.0	86.2	90.3	93.1	100.0	100.0	63.3
Philadelphia	73.8	87.7	97.9	93.4	95.7	8 86	23.5
San Diego	** V	Ν	Ϋ́	AN	δN		
Unweighted Data	-			, :	<u>{</u>	2	<u> </u>
Chicago	64.0	79.8	0.96	93.9	929	0.76	7 00
San Francisco	81.8	100.0	95.8	95.7	91.7	0.4.0 7.10	03.4
Local Median	81.8	93.5	97.0	94.2	9.29	(:)6	S: 0

In a required nealth education course.
 Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

§ Survey did not include schools from New Örleans.

§ Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

** Not available.



Site	School district	School	Health	School	No
	adillillistrator	administrator	education teacher	nurse	coordinator
STATE SURVEYS					
Weighted Data⁵					
Alabama	19.6	30.1	28.9	4.5	11.0
Alaska	23.6	32.5	22.8	2.1	2.6
Arkansas	15.2	36.1	43.5	0.5	2.8
California	26.1	25.8	25.5	6.1	9 9 9
Delaware	13.8	19.5	8.09	9.6	9 0
Georgia	35.2	29.4	31.8	0	1.4
Idaho	20.9	16.6	51.0	1.7	4.4
Illinois⁴	20.8	20.4	46.6	9.0	3.6
lowa	32.0	24.5	33.1	2.3	3.4
Louisiana**	19.3	24.2	38.8	5.0	7.3
Maine	15.4	13.1	49.0	5.6	10.4
Massachusetts	37.3	17.7	28.6	1.7	2.3
Michigan	26.9	22.9	36.9	1.4	8.8
Minnesota	24.9	16.4	48.2	1.8	4.0
Missouri	21.4	31.0	31.3	10.0	2.8
Montana	16.3	19.5	57.5	1.5	3.4
Nebraska	14.6	32.6	39.8	1.5	7.3
New Hampshire	10.0	20.4	40.0	10.5	9.5
New Mexico	20.9	15.6	37.6	7.2	11.0
New York	20.1	23.1	35.6	0.7	- 18
North Dakota	9.2	33.5	46.4	1.0	6.4
Ohio	32.0	18.4	41.7	0.8	3.5
Pennsylvania	36.4	29.2	28.9	1.0	0
South Carolina	21.5	32.4	31.5	1.7	4.5
Utah	18.1	29.5	46.0	0	2.1
Virginia	26.5	26.9	38.7	0	2.2
West Virginia	14.5	27.6	52.8	0	1.5
Wisconsin	21.8	12.2	54.9	1.8	2.5
Wyoming	-				



TABLE 6. (Continued) Percentage of schools in which a specific person was responsible for coordinating health education,

Site School district School district School district Administrator* Administrator Administra		1938 Surveys, 1938	mes, princip	ais surveys, 1998		
Pata* 27.4 27.4 27.4 23.3 7.8 0 9.3 74.1 0 9.3 74.1 0 9.3 74.1 0 9.3 74.1 0 9.3 74.1 0 9.3 74.1 0 9.3 78.2 42.9 62.3 42.9 62.3 62.1 24.3 24.4 38.7 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.8 1.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	Site	School district administrator*	School administrator [†]	Health education teacher	School	No
27.4 27.4 27.4 23.3 7.8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Unweighted Data [§]					COOLUMIATOR
y 35.6	Floridatt	27.4	7.70			
by 35.6 21.8 20.3 4.2 of 20.3 d.2 of 20.3 d.2 of 20.3 d.2 of 24.9 of 24.9 of 24.9 of 24.9 of 24.9 of 24.9 of 39.0 d.4 of 24.9 of 26.1 of 24.3 of 27.2 of 24.4 of 26.9 of 27.2 of 24.4 of 26.9 of 20.1	Hawaii	i.	4.72	23.3	7.8	79
My 35.6 21.8 20.3 4.2 20.3 4.2 20.4 4.9 0.5 24.9 0.5 24.9 0.5 24.9 0.5 24.9 0.5 24.9 0.5 21.3 2.1 3.2 21.3 2.1 3.4 3.2 21.3 2.1 2.4 38.7 1.7 24.9 0.4 26.9 41.8 0 20.1 1.0 2.3 20.8 5.4 1.0 0 9.1 2.3 9.1 20.8 25.9 2.3 9.1 20.8 21.8 33.3 32.2 0 0 20.4 21.8 33.3 32.2 0 0 20.4 21.8 21.8 33.3 32.2 0 0 20.4 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8		O	9.3	74.1	· c	t o
ota 26.4 21.2 42.9 4.2 24.9 26.1 39.0 1.2 24.9 26.1 39.0 1.2 21.3 34.3 21.3 21.3 fEVS ta** 33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 s** 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.5 61.0 1.0 10.6 9.1 2.3 9.1 20.8 54.4 1.0 Data* 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 1.7 Data* 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 1.7 2.9 14.7 55.9 2.9 1.0 2.1 1.0 2.1 37.6 2.1 37.6 2.1	New Jersey	35.6	21.8	200	,	o
ota 14.9 26.1 39.0 1.2 14.9 43.6 21.3 2.1 21.3 34.3 27.2 0.4 n 21.3 24.4 38.7 1.7 tta* 33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 tta* 33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 ss 18.8 35.0 61.0 1.0 sc 7.2 20.8 67.7 9.7 sc 0 9.1 2.3 32.2 0.0 Data* 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.9	North Carolina	26.4	21.2	20.5	4.2	1.1
ota 14.9 26.1 39.0 1.2 14.9 43.6 21.3 2.1 21.3 34.3 27.2 0.4 Itas 21.3 24.4 38.7 1.7 tas 33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 Isa 33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 Isa 35.0 20.1 1.0 Isa 35.0 20.1 1.3 Isa 6.5 9.7 67.7 9.7 Isa 0.1 2.0.8 54.4 1.0 Isa 19.3 32.2 0 Data 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 Isa 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 Isa 33.3 3.2 2.9 Isa 14.7 55.9 2.9	Oregon	0.70	2.1.2	47.9	0.5	4.2
14.9 43.6 21.3 2.1 21.3 34.3 27.2 0.4 21.3 24.4 38.7 1.7 16	South Daketa	D: # 7	26.1	39.0	1.2	
Las 21.3 34.3 27.2 2.1 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.4 7.2 6.5 6.5 6.5 9.7 6.7 9.7 6.7 9.7 6.2 6.4 6.7 9.7 6.7 9.7 6.2 6.4 6.7 9.7 6.7 9.7 6.2 6.5 9.1 6.2 9.1 6.2 9.1 9.1 9.3 33.3 9.1 6.2 9.2 9.1 6.2 9.2 9.1 6.2 9.2 9.2 9.1 6.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9	Goden Danola	14.9	43.6	21.3	2.1	7: 1
rta* 13.3 13.4 13.8 33.8 3.9 26.9 41.8 0 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.0 1	lennessee	21.3	34.3	27.0	- 7	11./
teys 21.3 24.4 38.7 1.7 tas 33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 tale 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 ts 7.5 16.9 61.0 1.0 ns 6.5 9.7 67.7 9.7 co 16.2 20.8 54.4 1.0 bata* 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9	State Median	21.2		7:17	0.4	8.7
tas 33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 4.1 4.18 0 1.0 4.1 26.9 41.8 0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1		5.1.3	24.4	38.7	1.7	o c
state 3.9 25.6 4.1 lale 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 is 7.5 16.9 61.0 1.0 is 7.5 16.9 61.0 1.0 is 7.5 16.9 61.0 1.0 is 6.5 9.7 67.7 9.7 is 6.5 9.7 67.7 9.7 is 9.1 1.0 9.1 is 9.1 2.3 9.1 is 16.2 19.3 32.2 0 Data* 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 is 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 is 18.1 37.6 2.1	LOCAL SURVEYS				•	D:0
33.8 3.9 25.6 4.1 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 11.0 1.0 1.0 18.8 35.0 20.1 1.3 17.2 20.8 54.4 1.0 0 9.1 20.8 54.4 1.0 0 9.1 2.3 9.1 19.3 32.2 0 14.7 55.9 2.9 18.1 37.6 2.1	Weighted Data [§]					
Jase 3.9 25.6 4.1 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 1.0 16.9 61.0 1.0 18.8 35.0 20.1 1.3 6.5 9.7 67.7 9.7 10.0 9.1 2.3 9.1 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.9	Dallas	o c				
lale 10.4 26.9 41.8 0 7.5 16.9 61.0 1.0 18.8 35.0 20.1 1.3 18.8 35.0 20.1 1.3 18.9 67.7 9.7 20.8 67.7 9.7 3.2 20.8 54.4 1.0 3.2 9.1 1.0 5co 16.2 19.3 32.2 0 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	200	33.8	3.9	25.6	7	()
18.8 35.0 61.0 1.0 18.8 35.0 61.0 1.0 18.8 35.0 20.1 1.3 1.3 a 7.2 20.8 54.4 1.0 bota	rt. Lauderdale	10.4	96.9	7 (0	. .	16.3
18.8 35.0 61.0 1.0 18.8 35.0 20.1 1.3 6.5 9.7 67.7 9.7 20.8 54.4 1.0 0 9.1 2.3 9.1 cco 16.2 19.3 32.2 0 Data* 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.1 18.1 37.6 2.1	Los Angeles	٦,	, 4 , 6	6.14	0	3.0
18.8 35.0 20.1 1.3 6.5 9.7 67.7 9.7 9.7 1.0 7.2 20.8 54.4 1.0 0 9.1 2.3 9.1 1.0 Data [§] 19.3 32.2 0.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Miami		D. 0	61.0	1.0	C T
ns 6.5 9.7 67.7 1.3 a 7.2 20.8 54.4 1.0 0 9.1 2.3 9.1 sco 16.2 19.3 32.2 0.1 Data⁵ 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 1 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.1		18.8	35.0	20.1		
a 7.2 20.8 54.4 1.0 0 9.1 2.3 9.1 sco 16.2 19.3 32.2 0.1 Data* 2.4 1.0 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	New Orleans	6.5	9.7	67.7	- c	6.7
bco 0 2.3 1.0 Data* 16.2 19.3 32.2 0.1 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	Philadelphia	7.2	308		9./	3.2
2.3 9.1 Data [§] 32.2 9.1 Data [§] 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 1 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	San Diego	ا د	5.07	54.4	1.0	4.2
Data [§] 2.4 2.4 2.8 8.8 19.3 32.2 0 19.3 9.1 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	San Erancioso) (- .	2.3	9.1	¥ 7
Data [§] 2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	San Francisco	16.2	19.3	32.2	;	C. ,
2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	Unweighted Data [§]			1	>	3.2
2.4 21.8 33.3 9.1 8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	Chicago					
8.8 14.7 55.9 2.9 8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	Cilcago	2.4	21.8	33.3	0 1	0
8.2 18.1 37.6 2.1	nonston	8.8	14.7	פיני	- c	9.5.
37.6 2.1	Local Median	000	0	2	6.7	2.9
		7.0	18.1	37.6	2.1	7

* District superintendent or district curriculum coordinator.

† Principal or school curriculum coordinator.

[§] Percentages for each row might not add up to 100.0 because of rounding.

Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

** Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.
'' Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

TABLE 7. Percentage of schools in which health education teachers planned or coordinated health-related projects or activities with other groups, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers's urveys, 1998

					13, 1330	
Site	Physical education teachers	School health services staff members	School Counselors	Food service staff members	PTA/PTO*	Medical or public
STATE SURVEYS						
Weighted Data						
Alabama	51.8	33.2	52.5	14.0	14.9	63.6
Arkansas	47.5	31.0	38.6	9.9	4.3	44.8
California	44.5	41.9	33.4	9.1	9.0	49.3
Delaware	63.0	61.0	40.8	13.0	9.5	71.7
Georgia	0.69	29.6	52.2	17.71	15.2	57.7
Hawaii	58.9	37.5	45.9	11.5	12.0	71.1
Idaho	51.5	32.8	42.8	10.4	6.0	55.6
Illinois⁺	50.9	28.2	30.2	5.0	7.6	50.8
Sowa	47.8	52.6	40.8	10.5	3.3	61.1
) Louisiana [§]	68.9	38.0	39.3	14.6	8.4	44.2
Maine	49.3	61.3	59.0	11.7	4.0	56.8
Massachusetts	8.99	67.7	67.3	22.5	23.3	60.1
Michigan	47.6	22.1	35.0	9.7	7.8	51.4
Minnesota	53.8	44.4	44.2	12.4	3.1	54.8
Missouri	63.9	63.1	48.5	14.7	12.0	51.9
Montana	78.0	29.2	51.1	13.6	5.2	47.1
Nebraska	58.3	38.8	34.6	8.9	3.7	40.9
New Hampshire	49.2	55.9	65.1	14.7	16.0	60.5
New York	54.9	40.1	46.9	12.0	23.2	55.8
North Dakota	58.9	22.5	54.5	16.0	8.4	55.3
Ohio	46.5	36.1	36.3	7.6	6.4	58.7
Pennsylvania	69.5	44.4	36.6	8.4	13.2	57.8
West Virginia	68.4	48.3	50.0	22.0	13.3	61.9
Wisconsin	56.1	44.8	56.6	13.6	8.5	57.0



TABLE 7. (Continued) Percentage of schools in which health education teachers planned or coordinated health-related projects or activities with other groups, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

	Physical	School				
Site	education teachers	health services staff members	School Counselors	Food service staff members	PTA/PTO*	Medical or public
Unweighted Data						Hearth persons
Alaska	40.6	32.4	48.1	0 01	7 7 7	Ċ
Florida¶	46.0	39.7	37.9	12.8	/./-	90.8 91.8
New Jersey	71.8	56.6	7. C	0.4	0.0	61.6
New Mexico	56.3	63.3	51.5 5	9.4 0.41	21.4	49.5
Oregon	55.8	38.9	46.8	13.1	- · · · ·	0.0/
South Carolina	66.1	46.2	47.1	16.1	10.4	55.9 7.77
South Dakota	56.5	25.8	46.7	0.6	- 60	1/./
Tennessee	2.79	35.5	51.8	23.4	ο α 1 σ	44.4
Utah	48.7	25.0	47.2	7.9	141	61.1
Virginia	87.1	54.6	44.1	11.9	- 4 - 6	01.1 52.6
Wyoming	66.7	63.8	52.1	21.5	9 9 9	53.6 60.6
State Median	56.3	39.7	46.9	12.4) c	0.00
LOCAL SURVEYS			•	į	9	20.00
Weighted Data			-			
Dallas	36.4	43.0	28.6	. 01	16.4	o c
Ft. Lauderdale	53.6	47.1	46.4	0. LC	- 1.0.4 4.0.4	2.69
Houston	0.96	9.69	546	t 7 4	- C	50.7
Los Angeles	30.2	37.5	23.2	7.7	20.7 17 E	0 0 0 0
Miami	49.9	34.6	61.0	10.3	C: C	. 50°.
New Orleans	6.96	81.3	59.4	25.0	2.6	30. 1
Philadelphia	78.2	45.1	40.0	12.0 7.0	от. 1. т	7.7/
San Diego	36.4	54.5	34.1	9 0	7.7	4.74
Unweighted Data				?	!	0.00
Chicago	63.0	44.3	54.4	23.7	19.4	0 63
San Francisco	2.09	63.0	55.2	11.1	F.S.	92.0 67.0
Local Median	57.2	46.1	50.4	10.7	76.4	

* Parent Teacher Association/Parent Teacher Organization.
| Survey did not include schools from Chicago.
| Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.
| Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

TABLE 8. Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had professional preparation in a specific area,

Site STATE SURVEYS						
STATE SURVEYS	Health and physical education	Health education only	Physical education only	Science, family life education, or elementary education	Nursing or	Othe
Weighted Data*						
Alabama	45.6	5.2	25.9	15.5	4.1	°
Arkansas	69.2	3.7	15.3	6.3	60	9.5 9.6
California	12.3	7.6	13.9	42.9	7.5	15.8
Delaware	80.0	0.9	8.0	2.0	4.0	0.0
Georgia	68.1	3.3	9.4	9.5	8:	7.9
Hawaii	52.8	5.0	27.1	8.4	1.6	5.0
ldaho	43.3	0.9	25.3	19.4	1.8	4.2
Illinois⁺	35.6	13.6	26.2	17.4	4.1	3.1
lowa	27.3	5.0	19.1	35.0	7.4	6.2
Louisiana§	61.7	1.6	18.9	11.8	3.4	2.6
Maine	37.5	10.3	15.2	23.0	10.7	3.4
Massachusetts	41.4	23.5	6.6	12.4	6.3	6.4
Michigan	32.5	7.2	17.2	34.7	3.3	5.1
Minnesota	65.7	8.2	10.5	8.4	1.6	5.5
Missouri	41.8	3.0	21.8	24.9	5.7	3.0
Montana	53.7	1.4	20.9	12.5	2.9	8.7
Nebraska	26.5	1.1	30.5	26.5	7.5	7.9
New Hampshire	22.6	15.6	14.4	19.3	23.8	4.3
New York	45.1	35.4	6.3	7.8	2.3	3.2
North Dakota	30.9	1.5	16.7	37.2	2.1	11.6
Ohio	70.4	7.4	6.7	11.8	1.9	8.
Pennsylvania	85.0	3.1	8.3	1.4	1.0	<u>6.</u>
West Virginia	69.3	8.2	10.3	9.1	0.0	3.2
Wisconsin	48.0	8.5	25.5	14.4	1.3	2.3
Unweighted Data*						1
Alaska	12.1	5.2	7.5	44.5	7.5	23.1
Florida	27.1	19.2	13.8	25.6	6.6	44



TABLE 8. (*Continued*) Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had professional preparation in a specific area, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

Site	Health and physical education	Health education only	Physical education only	Science, family life education, or elementary education	Nursing or	
Unweighted Data*					Simon	Ollier
New Jersey	59.8	10.5	6	•	,	
New Mexico	317	7 5	9.0	λ. .	14.9	1.4
Oregon	† L	10.7	20.1	14.5	15.7	7.5
: Olegon	39.5	13.5	12.5	29.3	10	2 5
South Carolina	38.2	5.4	31.4	18.2		
South Dakota	40.7	2.2	14.3	7.00	o d	7.7
Tennessee	53.6	30	0	7.67	3.3	6.6
Utah	35.5	13.7	0.2	23.6	7.7	3.0
Virginia	5 5 5	7:51	74.0	15.8	1.6	9.3
W	70.1	1.6	15.6	0.5	3.1	
vvyorning	37.5	3.4	17.0	22.7	13.6) r
State Median	41.8	6.0	15.2		2 (2.7
LOCAL SURVEYS		}	2	13.0	3.4	4.3
Weighted Data*						
Dallas	39.5	7.8	o u		,	
Ft. Lauderdale	30.9	10.5		42.8	0.0	4.0
Houston	7.57	5. 6	8.1.3	30.9	7.5	14.7
l Os Andeles	10.4	ري. ا	20.3	0.0	3.1	0.0
Mismi	4.00	19.0	6.6	45.3	0.0	8
	77.7	12.3	6.6	40.8	6.2	
New Orleans	93.8	0.0	6.3		7:0	0.0
Philadelphia	80.8	2.0	41		0.0	0.0
San Diego	0.0	7.1	- c	8.4.0	6.4	1.9
Unweighted Data*	?	- :	0.0	33.3	45.2	14.3
Chicago	31.2	90	70.4	0	,	
San Francisco	19.2	3 8	t & &	24.2	19.1	4.5
Local Median	31.0) L	9 .	47.3	3.8	26.9
	0.15	o.o	 -	32.1	3.5	5.4

Percentages for each row might not add up to 100.0 because of rounding.

¹ Survey did not include schools from Chicago. [§] Survey did not include schools from New Orleans. [¶] Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.



TABLE 9. Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had received ≥4 hours of inservice training during the preceding 2 years in specific health education topics, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys,

ä	Tobacco- use	Alcohol and other drug-use	Dietary behaviors and	Physical activity and	Pregnancy	*>#	Other STD	, and ciV	
Site	prevention	prevention	nutrition	fitness	prevention	prevention	prevention	Drevention prevention	Suicide
STATE SURVEYS									
Weighted Data									
Alabama	40.4	52.9	33.8	48.7	30.0	73 B	0.47	0	L C
Arkansas	35.4	46.6	29.8	43.3	30.8	05.0 45.3	26.0	40.3	28.5
California	50.1	46.0	29.1	32.9	35.4	. 8. . 1	30.0	33.4	26.6
Delaware	41.3	50.1	28.0	43.1	39.6	48	46.0	43.0	9.9.
Georgia	36.1	51.4	29.8	41.6	33.8	51.8	45.8	40.1 40.1	.4- c
Hawaii	54.1	57.0	34.9	50.1	43.2	61.4	50.5 50.6	42.3	71.7
idaho	61.6	74.9	44.5	49.6	33.3	63.2	52.7	40.3	71.7
Illinois	29.6	46.9	31.6	35.2	27.7	45 1	32.4 38.6	20.3	4 c
lowa	34.1	45.2	35.9	43.3	36.5	47.4	30.0 27.0	40.4	41.4
Louisiana⁴	43.6	55.7	29.8	52.7	21.3	42.1	37.0	20.0	28.9
Maine	36.5	140.7	37.5	40.2	36.5	64.0	37.2 46.3	46.9 36.6	6.0.2
Massachusetts	66.5	66.1	57.2	47.3	45.2	66.0	10.5 7	30.0	23.0
Michigan	37.4	47.2	38.7	36.2	40.2	0.00	50.1	73.0	3/.2
Minnesota	40.9	49.2	39.3	46.6	35.0	2.0	.00. - 44.	46.0	21.6
Missouri	36.8	48.4	36.6	38.7	5.00	2.1.6	44.5	44.3	26.2
Montana	43.5	50.2	47.4	1 0	20.7	44.7	37.4	43.2	20.9
Nebraska	2000	20.5	† c	5.90	34.6	28.8	45.9	38.5	28.4
New Hampshire	58.7	t4. 64.	50.2 50.2	39.3	25.3	37.1	28.7	28.4	20.7
New York	1.0.4	- 6	03.7	50.6	45.1	69.4	56.0	60.7	43.2
North Dakota	20.1	500.5	53.5 C 7.7	38.5 1.50	38.8 8.8	66.4	45.8	45.1	28.9
Ohio	20.7	50.5	55.3	51.7	33.7	59.1	51.0	46.2	34.7
Dang	32.0	45.2	31.8	38.8	34.0	44.9	38.3	35.7	20.1
Wentsylvania	34./	51.4	29.6	37.0	29.8	51.4	36.5	42.7	27.6
west virginia	52.7	58.2	36.3	42.9	27.0	52.4	42.5	48.8	22.5
VVISCONSIN	39.2	51.3	40.5	40.4	38.2	56.9	46.0	43.2	33.7
Unweighted Data					-)	7.0	33.5
Alaska	36.0	50.0	21.9	32.9	22.1	39.0	33.0	0 00	,
Florida**	57.1	52.8	36.4	36.4	41.4	65.7	5.5.5 0.95	33.3 50.6	24.4
New Jersey	40.4	55.8	34.3	41.9	417	60.0		03.0	25.5
				2:1:	1	00.0	48.3	46.2	30.2



TABLE 9. (Continued) Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had received ≥4 hours of inservice training during the preceding 2 years in specific health education topics, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

	2000				i				
	Tobacco-	Alcohol and other	Dietary behaviors	Physical activity			Other		
Site	prevention	orug-use prevention	and nutrition	and fitness	Pregnancy prevention	HIV* prevention	SID' prevention	Violence	Suicide
Unweighted Data									
New Mexico	43.8	46.4	37.1	47.0	40.2	62.3	48.2	46.2	31.0
Oregon	36.7	48.9	29.3	36.7	31.7	48.7	39.6	42.2	17.6
South Carolina	36.8	41.5	39.5	54.0	44.0	53.8	50.0	52.6	17.9
South Dakota	48.4	54.9	31.8	44.3	22.7	60.0	44.0	37.8	30.8
Tennessee	36.9	48.8	37.3	38.8	37.9	58.5	46.7	45.8	21.8
Utah	47.9	59.1	31.1	36.3	39.9	78.5	62.4	42.0	29.9
Virginia	38.5	53.6	43.7	58.9	35.4	53.1	45.2	43.1	28.2
Wyoming	44.8	49.4	45.3	55.1	38.6	55.7	49.4	42.0	33.0
State Median	40.4	50.2	35.9	42.9	35.4	55.7	45.9	43.2	26.2
LOCAL SURVEYS							ı		!
Weighted Data									
Dallas	31.0	52.7	32.5	40.6	52.6	68.3	67.0	57.7	36.1
Ft. Lauderdale	58.8	65.2	46.3	49.3	61.8	79.7	79.7	49.3	30.0
Houston	63.9	71.9	48.4	81.5	59.9	82.4	78.4	67.2	48.5
Los Angeles	59.2	42.0	27.5	23.3	30.9	85.8	68.9	47.2	20.5
Miami	34.6	41.0	39.5	38.2	51.2	76.5	63.4	45.7	32.5
New Orleans	9.09	75.8	56.3	9.59	69.7	100.0	84.8	84.4	43.8
Philadelphia	35.5	51.9	34.7	51.1	47.2	65.6	56.1	52.8	28.7
San Diego	100.0	100.0	20.5	18.6	83.7	100.0	100.0	86.0	52.8
Unweighted Data									
Chicago	45.4	56.6	38.5	54.7	46.8	60.7	56.4	53.5	28.3
San Francisco	20.0	73.1	40.0	37.0	48.1	73.1	57.7	42.3	29.6
Local Median	54.4	6.09	39.0	44.9	51.9	78.1	68.0	53.1	31.3
* Hilman immunodeficiency virus	Jeficiency virus	3							

* Human immunodeficiency virus.

¹ Sexually transmitted disease.

§ Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

¹ Survey did not include schools from New Örleans. ** Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

TABLE 10. Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher wanted inservice training in specific health education topics, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

					aman /aama	as saiveys,	200		
	Tobacco-use	Alcohol and other	Dietary behaviors	Physical activity	Drogoga	*21	Other	- - -	
Site	prevention	prevention	nutrition	fitness	prevention	prevention	SID	Violence	Suicide
STATE SURVEYS									
Weighted Data									
Alabama	54.7	54.6	52.1	41.2	52.4	60.4	59.9	56.9	69.3
Arkansas	39.5	44.4	45.7	29.9	34.7	43.4	37.3	46.4	200.0 7.00.0
California	28.9	39.0	38.4	27.0	32.0	35,4	35.8	45.0	7 7 3
Delaware	41.2	48.0	48.0	35.3	56.3	62.5	55.1	59.5	63.2
Georgia	43.9	43.4	44.9	31.7	42.3	51.8	48.2	48.3	59.4
Hawaii	49.6	59.8	61.9	44.6	48.7	52.0	49.2	65.4	69.5
Idaho	47.7	43.9	48.0	39.0	44.7	57.8	48.9	53.5	55.8
Illinois³	39.0	45.9	36.4	29.1	41.2	42.5	44.0	44.8	55.3
_	42.7	40.3	38.2	25.9	37.4	41.6	42.5	43.1	53.7
Louisiana"	48.9	47.3	45.5	38.8	44.1	60.3	52.0	52.3	61.0
. Maine	38.9	41.4	38.3	22.0	38.0	41.6	39.0	47.9	65.5
Massachusetts	38.3	46.0	43.0	32.5	42.3	41.6	44.5	48.9	65.9
Michigan	43.7	47.2	43.3	31.7	34.6	33.0	35.1	45.4	60.7
Minnesota	37.6	40.6	38.1	28.6	37.5	39.0	40.4	42.9	56.0
Missouri	43.9	43.9	38.9	30.5	39.2	49.9	48.7	43.0	57.6
Montana	42.1	42.4	41.6	31.0	41.6	44.1	45.2	49.0	57.6
Nebraska	44.2	43.0	37.8	28.6	38.4	48.1	46.4	49.8	52.1
New Hampshire	42.8	42.9	41.5	31.8	50.0	46.6	44.3	42.0	62.5
New York	40.0	46.8	41.5	32.8	41.0	38.2	44.2	50.7	57.9
North Dakota	39.2	43.2	37.7	27.4	39.3	39.6	39.1	45.1	49.8
Ohio	40.7	42.0	36.4	26.9	43.0	42.7	42.8	47.0	57.3
Pennsylvania	46.1	49.3	44.9	41.3	46.2	52.9	53.0	52.7	55.5
West Virginia	40.8	41.6	46.2	34.3	49.6	48.8	51.0	45.4	62.4
Wisconsin	40.4	37.8	38.0	29.1	35.8	39.9	38.8	49.4	50.7
Unweighted Data									
Alaska	51.1	50.6	46.7	45.1	50.0	46.3	47.5	57.2	63.1
Florida**	40.9	43.7	40.9	32.8	43.4	36.8	43.6	48.0	. T.
New Jersey	44.5	48.9	50.7	37.5	44.7	47.6	46.9	52.7	63.1



TABLE 10. (*Continued*) Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher wanted inservice training in specific health education topics, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

Site	Tobacco-use prevention	Alcohol and other drug-use prevention	Dietary behaviors and nutrition	Physical activity and fitness	Pregnancy prevention	HIV*	Other STD [†]	Violence	Suicide
Unweighted Data									
New Mexico	50.9	56.5	50.9	38.6	51.5	47.9	51.2	7 67	66.7
Oregon	34.7	35.1	34.4	22.1	31.1	37.2	34.8	48.6	7.00.7
South Carolina	46.7	52.7	47.2	35.0	47.7	46.9	48.2	45.9	0. r.
South Dakota	31.9	33.0	43.2	33.0	29.5	34.4	35.2	40.0	03.0
Tennessee	49.0	45.6	45.9	40.0	42.8	45.2	48.4	53.0	62.1
Utah	41.2	45.1	52.8	35.8	38.9	35.1	36.6	55.9	64.4
Virginia	34.4	39.8	39.1	33.5	36.4	40.8	37.6	46.2	55.4
Wyoming	52.9	48.3	51.2	38.2	48.9	44.3	52.8	55.7	63.6
State Median	42.1	43.9	43.2	32.8	42.3	1.44	44.5	48.6	79.4
LOCAL SURVEYS						•)	2	† ?
Weighted Data									
🖒 Dallas	51.0	45.0	44.1	40.8	41.1	49.2	48.2	50 1	57.9
ا Ft. Lauderdale	38.2	46.4	44.8	32.8	42.6	37.7	36.2	56.7	6) (9 0 0
Houston	29.7	39.0	49.4	34.8	45.1	39.9	31.1	47.4	64.8
Los Angeles	30.0	51.6	36.7	29.1	39.6	30.3	32.8	48.0	55.8
Miami	51.9	61.5	56.8	45.7	44.1	43.5	47.6	50.6	67.5
New Orleans	51.5	48.5	8.89	59.4	54.5	42.4	54.5	59.4	75.0
Philadelphia	41.5	40.4	48.4	29.4	42.7	41.3	43.7	49.8	66.4
San Diego	23.3	39.5	25.0	23.3	18.6	22.7	22.7	41.9	46.5
Unweighted Data)	2
Chicago	52.8	47.8	57.7	38.4	50.6	55.2	52.1	57.2	8 69
San Francisco	46.4	34.6	64.0	48.1	44.4	30.8	34.6	69.2	85.2
Local Median	43.9	45.7	48.9	36.6	43.4	40.6	40.0	50.3	65.6
*									

* Human immunodeficiency virus.

[†] Sexually transmitted disease.

§ Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

¹ Survey did not include schools from New Örleans.

** Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.



TABLE 11. Percentage of schools that received parental feedback on health education and,

34

Mainly positive 89.0 83.4 92.0 91.8 79.2 88.0 91.3 85.7 78.1 85.9 85.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 86.7 86.7 93.8 82.2 82.2				Type of parental feedback received	eceived
39.8 44.1 44.4 44.4 44.4 44.4 44.4 44.4 44	Site	Received parental feedback		Mainly	μŬ
39.8 44.1 44.4 44.4 44.4 44.4 44.4 92.0 53.6 61.9 66.2 66.2 66.2 66.2 67.3 67.3 67.4 67.3 67.4 67.4 67.6	STATE SURVEYS				and negative
39.8 89.0 44.1 44.4 44.4 92.0 58.1 91.8 53.6 79.2 61.9 89.6 55.2 93.1 55.4 88.0 1.3 85.7 34.4 70.2 91.3 55.6 90.2 50.9 87.8 100 55.0 87.9 11.0 91.2 11.0 91.2 11.1 55.4 85.7 11.1 55.4 85.7 11.1 55.4 85.7 11.1 55.4 85.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 86.7 11.1 55.8 85.9 60.8 11.1 55.8 85.9 85.9 85.9 85.9 85.9 85.9 85.9	Weighted Data*				
44.1 83.4 44.4 92.0 8 58.1 91.8 58.1 92.0 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 88.0 61.0 91.2 60.9 87.9 60.9 87.9 60.0 59.0 87.9 60.0 61.0 91.2 60.1	Alabama	39.8	89.0	ر. د	7
44.4 92.0 58.1 58.1 58.1 58.1 58.2 61.9 89.6 89.6 89.6 89.7 87.3	Alaska	44.1	83.4		ນ ນ. ກ
58.1 91.8 59.6 53.6 53.6 79.2 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.1 56.2 93.8 56.2 90.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9	Arkansas	44.4	92.0	- : :	14.5
53.6 79.2 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 61.9 89.6 89.6 61.9 89.1 87.3 54.9 87.3 87.3 87.3 87.8 87.9 87.8 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9	California	58.1	91.8		8.0
61.9 61.9 66.2 66.2 66.2 66.2 66.2 67.3 67.3 67.3 67.4 67.3 67.4 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0	Delaware	53.6	79.2	, w	7.0
56.2 93.1 51.8 87.3 54.9 87.3 54.9 85.7 34.4 78.1 59.4 88.0 10.2 90.2 a 58.8 85.5 50.9 79.6 45.7 87.8 100 59.0 87.9 100 59.0 87.9 100 59.0 87.9 101 61.0 91.2 102 61.0 91.2 103 87.9 104 85.3 105 61.0 91.2 106 61.0 91.2 107 88.3 108 86.7 109 93.8 109 93.8	Georgia	61.9	89.6	000	5.7. 2.0.
51.8 87.3 54.9 85.7 34.4 78.1 59.4 88.0 usetts 70.2 91.3 57.6 90.2 a 58.8 85.5 50.9 79.6 45.7 87.8 ico 59.0 87.9 cota 53.6 85.7 ania 55.4 90.9 colina 47.8 86.7 inia 59.8 85.9	Idaho	56.2	93.1	2 8 0	4.0.
95.7 34.4 34.4 34.4 78.1 59.4 98.0 1.3 57.6 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.9 9	Illinois	51.8	87.3	1.7	
asetts 78.1 59.4 88.0 usetts 70.2 a 59.4 88.0 b. 2.3 a 57.6 90.2 a 58.8 85.9 b. 20.9 79.6 45.7 87.8 pshire 52.6 85.3 ico 61.0 91.2 cota 53.6 87.9 ania 55.4 90.9 colina 47.8 86.7 57.9 93.8 inia 59.8 84.5	lowa	54.9	85.7	6	2
beetts 70.2 88.0 91.3 91.3 91.3 91.3 91.3 91.3 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2 90.2	Louisiana⁵	34.4	78.1	5:5	10.7
a 58.8 85.5 90.2 a 58.8 85.5 90.2 b 53.8 85.9 85.9 50.9 79.6 79.6 79.6 79.6 79.6 79.6 79.6 79	Maine	59.4	88.0	.	7.00
a 57.6 90.2 a 58.8 85.5 53.8 85.9 50.9 79.6 45.7 87.8 pshire 52.6 85.3 ico 61.0 87.9 cota 53.6 81.7 ania 55.4 90.9 cota 55.4 90.9 57.9 93.8 inia 56.8 84.5	Massachusetts	70.2	91.3	. rc	0.0
a 58.8 85.5 85.5 85.5 85.9 85.9 85.9 85.9	Michigan	57.6	90.2	5. 6	2; <i>r</i>
53.8 85.9 50.9 79.6 45.7 87.8 100 87.8 100 87.9 100 87.9 100 87.9 100 91.2 100 91.2 101 85.7 101 85.7 101 86.7 101 86.7 101 56.8 101 84.5	Minnesota	58.8	85.5	2.5	5. 6.
50.9 79.6 45.7 87.8 87.8 87.8 87.8 85.3 90.0 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9	Missouri	53.8	85.9	1.5	12.1
45.7 87.8 87.8 sinia behire 52.6 85.3 85.3 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9 87.9	Montana	50.9	79.6	i - L	10.3
tico 52.6 85.3 (10 87.9 (10 87.9 (10 87.9 (10 87.9 (10 87.9 (10 87.9 (10 87.9 (10 87.9 (10 87.0 (10 87	Nebraska	45.7	87.8		
ico 59.0 87.9 61.0 61.0 91.2 91.2 91.2 81.7 81.7 85.7 85.7 90.9 90.9 90.9 90.9 90.9 90.9 90.9 90	New Hampshire	52.6	85.3		10.3
cota 53.6 91.2 cota 53.6 81.7 ania 55.4 85.7 colina 47.8 86.7 57.9 93.8 58.2 inia 56.8 84.5	New Mexico	59.0	87.9) -	13.7
cota 53.6 81.7 51.4 85.7 ania 55.4 90.9 colina 47.8 86.7 57.9 93.8 58.3 82.2 inia 56.8 84.5	New York	61.0	91.2	7.0	- 0
51.4 85.7 ania 55.4 90.9 colina 47.8 86.7 57.9 93.8 58.3 82.2 inia 56.8 84.5	North Dakota	53.6	81.7	4.5	1.0
olina 55.4 90.9 olina 47.8 86.7 57.9 93.8 58.3 82.2 inia 59.8 85.9 1 56.8 84.5	Ohio	51.4	85.7	5: -	15.7
olina 47.8 86.7 57.9 93.8 58.2 59.8 85.9 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0 67.0	Pennsylvania	55.4	6.06		
57.9 93.8 58.3 82.2 inia 59.8 85.9 r 56.8 84.5	South Carolina	47.8	86.7		0.7
inia 59.8 82.2 59.8 85.9 6.8 84.5 87.0	Utah	57.9	93.8) : C	0.21
inia 59.8 85.9 7 56.8 84.5 87.0	Virginia	58.3	82.2	∞ ∞	0.7
56.8 84.5 558.2 87.0	West Virginia	59.8	85.9); C	12.7
58.2	Wisconsin	56.8	84.5	233	13.2
	Wyoming	58.2	87.0	2.5	10.7

TABLE 11. (Continued) Percentage of schools that received parental feedback on health education and, among those schools, percentage that received a specific type of feedback, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, principals' surveys,

			Type of parental feedback received	eceived
Site	Received parental feedback	Mainly positive	Mainly negative	Equally positive and negative
Unweighted Data*		-		
Florida	57.3	89.5	1.5	0.6
Hawaii	43.9	76.0	0.0	24.0
New Jersey	56.9	92.5	9.0	8.9
North Carolina	56.7	78.9	0.8	20.3
Oregon	55.0	85.0	1.6	13.5
South Dakota	36.5	78.9	2.6	18.4
Tennessee	52.1	88.1	0.0	11.9
State Median	55.2	86.9	1.3	11.8
LOCAL SURVEYS				
Weighted Data*				
Dallas	51.7	96.4	0.0	ဗိ
Ft. Lauderdale	54.3	92.1	0.0	7.9
Los Angeles	55.9	92.8	1.7	4.0
Miami	47.7	90.5	0.0	် (၁)
New Orleans	59.4	89.5	0.0	10.5
Philadelphia	40.0	73.8	0.0	26.2
San Diego	84.0	95.2	0.0	8.4
San Francisco	77.9	89.3	0.0	10.7
Unweighted Data*	-			
Chicago	43.9	86.8	0.0	13.2
Houston	48.6	100.0	0.0	0.0
Local Median	53.0	91.3	0.0	8.7

^{*} Percentages for each row might not add up to 100.0 because of rounding.

¹ Survey did not include schools from Chicago. § Survey did not include schools from New Orleans. ¶ Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

TABLE 12. Percentage of schools that involved parents in school health education regarding HIV* infection/AIDS,¹ selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

Site Sort parents Sort parents Invited parents Cffered parents STATE SUNVEYS Invited parents Invited parents Invited parents On HIV/AIDS STATE SUNVEYS HIV/AIDS HIV/AIDS On HIV/AIDS STATE SUNVEYS HIV/AIDS On HIV/AIDS On HIV/AIDS Weighted Data 17.0 9.1 1.5.5 7.8 Arkansas 8.6 7.5 1.42 0.0 Arkansas 8.6 7.5 1.42 0.0 Delaware 15.7 1.90 2.0 1.6 6.0 Arkansas 8.6 7.5 1.42 6.0 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.2 7.8 7.2 7.8 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.2 <			13 3dl veys, 1330		
9.1 15.5 8.6 7.5 14.2 19.0 26.7 15.1 9.4 19.2 23.1 16.4 25.1 10.4 8.7 12.7 10.0 12.6 12.6 8.4 6.2 12.6 8.4 6.2 11.6 8.4 6.2 11.6 10.1 12.0 23.1 32.3 10.1 11.7 12.0 22.9 24.9 19.0 13.4 10.9 24.3 13.6 12.6	Site	Sent parents educational materials on HIV/AIDS	Sent parents newsletters on HIV/AIDS	Invited parents to attend a class on HIV/AIDS	Offered parents school programs
17.0 9.1 15.5 8.6 7.5 14.2 18.0 26.7 18.1 9.4 19.2 18.1 20.9 25.1 18.6 12.4 25.2 10.4 8.7 12.4 10.4 8.7 12.5 8.4 6.2 11.6 9.1 12.6 18.1 10.0 14.2 18.1 10.1 14.2 18.3 10.1 14.2 18.9 11.1 14.2 18.9 11.1 14.2 18.9 11.1 14.2 18.9 11.1 14.2 18.9 11.1 14.2 18.9 11.2 22.9 19.0 11.2 10.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.6 12.9 12.4 10.6 12.9 20.3 26.3 12.6 12.9 12.9 12.9 12.4 10.6 12.9 12.4 10.6	STATE SURVEYS				
17.0 9.1 15.5 8.6 7.5 19.0 26.7 15.1 9.4 19.2 18.0 20.9 25.1 18.0 12.4 25.2 10.4 8.7 12.5 10.4 8.7 12.5 10.1 14.0 12.5 16.0 14.0 12.5 16.1 14.2 12.5 16.2 12.1 17.1 14.2 12.5 18.3 20.3 26.8 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.6 20.0 22.4 17.7 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 17.8 20.0 22.4 20.0 20.0 22.4 20.0 20.0 22.4 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	Weighted Data				
8.6 7.5 14.2 17.2 19.0 26.7 18.0 20.9 26.1 18.6 12.4 13.4 18.6 10.4 12.5 19.7 10.9 26.7 19.7 10.9 26.7 19.7 10.9 22.3 13.4 11.1 12.1 11.1 12.1 12.1 11.1 12.1 14.2 12.9 24.9 19.0 13.4 19.0 13.4 10.9 24.3 13.6 10.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.7 10.9 22.3	Alabama	17.0	1.00	ת	C T
17.2 19.0 26.7 19.2 18.0 18.0 20.9 20.9 25.1 18.0 20.9 20.9 25.1 18.0 10.4 8.4 8.7 12.7 12.5 8.4 8.4 8.7 12.5 18.1 18.1 18.1 19.0 17.1 1	Arkansas	98	 7.		8.7
15.1 18.0 23.1 18.0 20.9 23.1 18.6 12.4 25.2 10.4 8.7 12.6 8.4 12.6 14.0 14.0 14.2 16.7 16.7 16.7 16.7 16.7 17.7 17.5 18.9 17.1 17.1 18.9	California	17.2	7. V. J. D.	2.4.l 2.4.c	0.0
18.0 2.3.1 18.6 23.1 18.6 23.1 16.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 13	Delaware	15.1	5 S	10.7	16.6
23.1 16.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 18.6 10.4 18.7 12.5 19.0 10.0 14.0 12.5 19.1 16.7 12.5 19.1 16.0 14.0 12.5 19.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 16.0 17.1 17.1 17.1 17.1 17.1 17.1 17.1 17	Georgia	18.0	5 U G	2.5.7	0.0
18.6 12.4 25.2 10.7 10.0 10.0 14.0 12.5 11.6 11.6 11.6 12.7 11.6 12.7 12.5 11.6 12.5 11.6 12.5 11.6 12.5 11.7 12.5 11.7 12.5 12.0 12.0 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1	Hawaii	23.1	16.3	75.1	10.9
10.4 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 14.0 12.5 11.6 12.7 11.6 12.7 11.6 12.7 11.6 12.7 11.6 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7	Idaho	18.6	10.1	13.4	က်
10.0 14.0 12.5 12.5 8.4 6.2 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.0 11.6 11.6	Illinois⁵	10.4	. 00	2.62	12.4
8.4 6.2 11.6 9.4 12.6 18.1 16.0 14.2 16.7 15.7 23.1 32.3 10.1 11.7 12.5 6.5 5.1 18.9 11.1 14.2 15.2 4.7 7.1 12.0 13.2 22.9 24.9 19.0 11.6 16.6 19.7 11.8 20.3 26.8 12.9 24.3 11.4 17.6 20.0 25.4	lowa	10.0		7.2.	5.7
9.4 12.6 18.1 16.7 16.7 16.7 16.7 16.7 16.7 16.8 16.7 16.7 16.8 16.7 16.8 16.7 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8	Louisiana¶	8.4); c	12.5 11.6	4.2
16.0 14.2 18.1 16.0 14.2 16.7 16.1 16.7 10.1 11.7 12.5 6.5 5.1 18.9 11.1 14.2 15.2 14.2 15.2 17.1 12.0 13.2 24.9 19.0 13.2 12.1 14.2 14.2 11.1 10.3 16.6 19.7 13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4	Maine	; 5	1.0.1	0.11	4.1
15.7 2.3.1 32.3 5.1 6.8 13.2 10.1 11.7 12.5 6.5 5.1 18.9 11.1 14.2 15.2 22.9 24.9 19.0 13.2 12.1 14.2 10.3 16.6 19.7 18.3 20.3 26.8 17.6 20.0 25.4 17.6 20.0 25.4	Massachusetts	15.0	2.5	- 1 <u>8</u> .	8.55
5.1 6.8 13.2 13.2 10.1 11.7 12.5 18.9 11.1 12.5 18.9 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2	Michigan	15.7	2:+- 2:3-1	7:01	10.5
10.1 11.7 12.5 13.2 13.2 13.2 13.2 13.2 13.2 13.2 13.2	Minnesota	. r.	- 07	32.3	11.8
6.5 5.1 12.5 18.9 17.1 18.9 18.9 18.0 17.1 17.1 18.2 18.0 17.1 17.6 17.9 17.1 17.6 17.9 17.1 17.6 17.9 17.1 17.6 17.9 17.1 17.1 17.6 17.1 17.6 17.1 17.1 17.1	Missouri	10.1		13.2	5.5
11.1 14.2 15.2 4.7 7.1 15.2 22.9 24.9 19.0 13.2 12.1 14.2 11.6 7.2 11.1 10.3 16.6 19.7 18.3 20.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.6 13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4	Montana	- u	/:	12.5	6.6
11.1 14.2 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.0 22.9 24.9 19.0 19.0 13.2 12.1 14.2 14.2 14.2 11.1 10.3 16.6 19.7 18.3 20.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.6 13.6 17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9 11.4 10.9 25.4	Nehracka		5.1	18.9	5.9
22.9 24.9 12.0 13.2 12.1 14.2 11.6 17.2 11.1 10.3 16.6 19.7 18.3 20.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.6 13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9 11.4	New Hampshire		14.2	15.2	3.7
13.2 24.9 19.0 13.2 12.1 14.2 11.6 7.2 11.1 10.3 16.6 19.7 18.3 20.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.6 13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4	New Maripaline	7.4.0	7.1	12.0	6.8
13.2 11.6 10.3 16.6 18.3 18.3 10.6 13.4 10.9 13.4 10.9 13.4 10.9 11.1 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6	North Dakota	5.23	24.9	19.0	17.4
11.0 10.3 16.6 18.3 20.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9	Objo	13.2	12.1	14.2	11.5
10.3 16.6 19.7 18.3 20.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.6 13.4 10.9 24.3 1 17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9 11.4		11.6	7.2	11.1	5.4
18.3 20.3 26.8 12.9 10.6 13.6 13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4 11.4 19.6	rennsylvania	10.3	16.6	19.7	. . 60
12.9 10.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9 11.4 19.6	West Virginia	18.3	20.3	26.8	. ת
13.4 10.9 24.3 1 17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9 11.4 19.6	Wisconsin	12.9	10.6	13.6	σ
13.4 10.9 24.3 17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9 11.4	Unweighted Data			-	0.
17.6 20.0 25.4 13.9 11.4 19.6	Alaska	13.4	10.9	8 70	7
13.9	Florida**	17.6	20.0	24:3 25.4	ي.U. د. د
	New Jersey	13.9	11.4	23.4 10.6	ນ ເ



TABLE 12. (*Continued*) Percentage of schools that involved parents in school health education regarding HIV* infection/AIDS, [†] selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

		And the common forms	273, 1330	
Site	Sent parents educational materials on HIV/AIDS	Sent parents newsletters on HIV/AIDS	Invited parents to attend a class on HIV/AIDS	Offered parents school programs
Unweighted Data				
New Mexico	10.7	11.2	C	•
Oregon	11.0	15. i.	25.5	10.1
South Carolina	10.0	20.0 п	25.2	4.7
South Dakota	10.0		24.7	7.5
Tennessee	5. 6	2.21	12.2	8.8
40+1	1.7.1	13.5	17.9	1.0
Otali	28.4	20.3	30.2	. œ
Virginia	13.3	7.6	19.4	
Wyoming	16.7	30.0	30.0	7.0
State Median	13.2	12.4	0.00	1.1
LOCAL SURVEYS		i	6:9	8./
Weighted Data				
Dallas	2 3 6	c cc		
Ft. Lauderdale	20.5	20.2	21.7	10.0
Houston	20.0	29.0	30.0	15.9
October 1	t.25 t . 60	35.8	37.7	28.3
Mism:	30./	28.4	34.6	14.7
Miami	32.9	32.9	28.2	
New Orleans	48.5	30.3	ת י ד	0.00
Philadelphia	12.7	4.9	5. 6.	30.3 = =
San Diego	61.4	7.74	13.50 10.00	7.7
Unweighted Data			t.0.	14.3
Chicago	24.5	17 G	7	!
San Francisco	28.6	286	20.2	17.7
Local Median	20 G		33.3	21.4
	63.0	28.8	32.3	16.2
* Human immunodeficiency virus	iciency virus			

Human immunodeficiency virus.

[†] Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

§ Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

¶ Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.

** Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

TABLE 13. Percentage of schools that taught specific topics related to HIV* infection/AIDS† education as part of a required health education course, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

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				ics, teachers surv	surveys, 1998		
Site	How HIV is and is not transmitted	Reasons for choosing sexual abstinence	Condom	Correct use	Statistics on adolescent death and disability	Information on HIV testing	
STATE SURVEYS				oi condoms	related to HIV/AIDS	and counseling	
Weighted Data							
Alabama	93.3	90.5	818	c cc			
Arkansas	94.2	91.7	5.79	32.0	78.5	82.1	
California	95.0	6 V 6	1.4.5	32.8	73.1	76.0	
Delaware	100.0	C: & 6	7.4.7	52.6	78.7	78.2	
Georgia	96.5	95.9 95.4	9.00	60.7	68.6	82.3	
Hawaii	100.0	93.4	0.80	34.9	80.3	75.2	
Idaho	93.0	30.2	80.6	72.3	72.6	85.8	
Illinois	95.5 7.7	0.70	55.9	22.1	74.2	67.2	
lowa	96.4	93./ Do	71.5	39.9	69.1	73.0	
Louisiana	2.00 4. 12. 4	0.00 1.00 1.00	78.5	51.4	65.7	74.5	
Maine	C C	65./	31.3	17.2	58.6	0: Z	
Massachusetts	90.5 10.1	95.7	84.3	68.9	76.5	2. to	
Michigan	96.1	95.5	75.4	52.2	77.2	20.07	
Missingali	96.1	94.0	70.5	43.2	76.0	0.67	
Missoria	98.6	96.4	78.0	47.4	73.6	4.0.0	
Moseum	94.3	92.2	66.1	30.3	20.5	0.80	
Wontana	89.1	83.4	55.7	26.2	67.8	2.80	
Nebraska	92.4	83.1	57.3	25.2	8.70	67.5	
New Hampshire	94.9	91.4	0 82	25.0	69.9	62.8	
New York	99.1	92.6	0.00	00.1	69.5	75.9	
North Dakota	93.6	0.68	7 77	4.10	84.7	8.06	
Ohio	8.96	95.4	7.7F	73. I	67.0	8.69	
Pennsylvania	98.6	0.25	0.7. C. L.	47.2	76.4	77.9	
West Virginia	93.6	0.76	5.77	47.2	83.7	87.2	
Wisconsin	98.5 7.8	93.0	69.2	43.4	82.1	85.1	
Unweighted Data		- 20:	0.18	9.99	74.0	79.2	
Alaska	7 00	Ç	·				
Florida**	90.7	/8.0 00.3	54.4	36.1	57.0	58.6	
New Jersey	. OO		75.2	47.9	87.1	85.7	
	30.0	96.6	81.1	60.2	81.8	82.2	
						1	

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TABLE 13. (*Continued*) Percentage of schools that tåught specific topics related to HIV* infection/AIDS⁺ education as part of a required health education course, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, teachers' surveys, 1998

Site	How HIV is and is not transmitted	Reasons for choosing sexual abstinence	Condom	Correct use of condoms	Statistics on adolescent death and disability related to HIV/AIDS	Information on HIV testing
Unweighted Data						and counselling
New Mexico	95.0	92.6	69.2	o u c	, c	1 <u>.</u> 1
Oregon	96.3	9 2 6	67.1	5.5	75.5	/9./
South Carolina	943	95.5	- 70	7.44.7	68.2	67.2
South Dakota	9.5.5 5.7.5	93.7	9. c	49.5	75.0	72.5
Tennessee	0.50	90.00	52.3	23.1	65.2	66.7
I tak	95.9 9	9. S. S.	0.99	30.4	77.2	76.0
Virginia	93.6	91.5	43.5	12.9	74.5	69.7
ellina 	93.7	94.9	‡ Q N	ND	68.0	71.8
wyoming	98.7	96.1	76.3	41.9	67.1	69.7
State Median	95.7	93.9	6.69	43.3	73.6	
LOCAL SURVEYS) !	0.00	7:07
Weighted Data						
Dallas	97.0	93.9	64.3	7 07	6 37	0
Ft. Lauderdale	94.4	206	74.1	י ע טיי	70.5	81.9
Houston	94.5	94.5	789	55.0	0.77	83.3
Los Angeles	98.8	7 26	† u	7.5.7	8 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	89.1
Miami	1000	1000	00.0	0.1.0	79.9	89.7
New Orleans	100.0	0.00.0	98.0	92.0	94.0	96.0
Philadelphia	9.00	0.00	90.3	77.4	90.3	93.3
Sen Diene	80.8	93.8	85.2	68.4	83.7	88.1
san Diego	NA ³³	ΥZ	ΑN	Ϋ́	42	O N
Unweighted Data					•	<u> </u>
Chicago	93.9	9.98	57.7	49.5	649	7 03
San Francisco	100.0	100.0	83.3	83.3	87.5 7.5	9.60
Local Median	97.0	7 70	83.3	¥ 03	9: 10	93.0

* Human immunodeficiency virus.

[†] Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. [†]

§ Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

¶ Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.

Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami. *

11 No data collected.

§§ Not available.

TABLE 14. Percentage of schools with a written school or school district policy on HIV-infected* students or school staff members and, among those schools, percentage that addressed specific topics, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, principals' surveys, 1998

					A ANTICEU DOUGA	rten policy		
Site	Had a written policy	Confidentiality [†]	Protection from discrimination [†]	Worksite	Attendance	Communication of policy to students, staff,	Confidential	Staff training on HIV
STATE SURVEYS				Assess	oi students.	and parents	counseling	infection
Weighted Data								
Alabama	67.1	92.2	89 1	1 10				
Alaska	48.7	91.4	. o	- 0	90.1	76.8	65.0	73.3
Arkansas	54.8	93.1	86.1	92.0 PF 3	84.3	75.4	57.9	74.8
California	8.09	89.1	88.7	00.7	82.9	78.5	58.2	66.6
Delaware	72.7	97.5	95.0	90.2	82.1	74.2	53.3	67.0
Georgia	76.8	92.7	91.6	89.7	85.1	75.1	56.6	62.2
Idaho	67.2	908	0.100	91.0	88.6	79.3	0.69	83.7
Illinois⁰	63.5	8 68	03.3	88.7	93.6	74.0	53.3	48.6
lowa	68,4	206	- 600	92.1	88.4	73.6	54.0	72.4
Louisiana**	51.5	200	00:0 0:0	92.4	86.9	73.5	40.6	73.0
Maine	82.5	96.7 7	o . e. o	86.0	79.3	71.0	58.7	46.2
Massachusetts	72.5	0.20	90.4	96.6	91.9	73.3	64.3	82.4
Michigan	64.1	0.00	69.9 00.0	93.7	87.6	77.4	62.9	65.0
Minnesota	63.7	93.3	0.00 0.00	92.3	83.1	8.89	57.6	82.7
Missouri	72.2	9 9 9 8 9 8	00.0	90.9	85.0	75.3	52.2	72.9
Montana	62.9	9. P.	t r	89.1	90.1	78.1	50.4	59.4
Nebraska	8.69	92.0	92./	89.2	90.6	76.8	57.7	717
New Hampshire	82.2	94.4	0.1.0 0.00	93.0	89.5	83.2	54.5	71.7
New Mexico	60.9	93.2	03.0	90.4	88.5	75.9	52.5	67.5
New York	76.4	96.0	0.4.0	88.0 1.0	81.8	73.7	59.7	64.7
North Dakota	59.3	95.8	32.2	95.7	82.9	79.9	64.8	79.9
Ohio	66.4	86.8	2:70 86.4	9.69	80.3	80.5	63.0	73.8
Pennsylvania	70.9	96.1	90. 4	88.9	80.3	6.99	51.4	72.5
South Carolina	77.0	94.0	90.7	91.5	88.5	76.7	51.7	65.6
Utah	73.1	92 5	5.00	95.7	81.9	76.4	62.9	80.5
Virginia	71.9	92.7	96.5 8.5	89.b	88.4	73.5	55.3	69.2
West Virginia	64.3	90.3	0.00	92.7	89.5	73.8	48.6	79.4
Wisconsin	56.6	92.4	89.3	0.60 1.00	85.7	72.8	53.9	79.7
Wyoming	69.7	88.3	20.08	92.5	81.6	74.8	55.7	76.8
			?	ייי פ	=	C C C		



TABLE 14. (Continued) Percentage of schools with a written school or school district policy on HIV-infected* students or school staff members and, among those schools, percentage that addressed specific topics, selected U.S. sites — School Health Education Profiles, principals' surveys, 1998

				Topic ad	Topic addressed by a written policy	ten policy		
Site	Had a written policy	Confidentiality	Protection from discrimination ¹	Worksite safety	Attendance of students [§]	Communication of policy to students, staff, and parents	Confidential counseling [§]	Staff training on HIV infection
Unweighted Data								
Florida⁺¹	84.3	95.1	92.0	97.3	84.9	74.3	63.1	7.67
Hawaii	82.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	89.1	84.8	65.2	78.3
New Jersey	75.7	95.5	93.5	95.0	86.4	79.8	58.0	79.0
North Carolina	73.4	92.8	89.4	94.1	79.7	80.4	59.2	74.3
Orego n	87.6	7.76	94.6	92.6	92.2	84.5	56.4	81.8
South Dakota	9.89	88.4	88.2	94.2	81.4	76.5	20.0	72.5
Tennessee	85.7	92.8	97.2	94.4	91.1	83.1	69.3	74.2
State Median	69.7	93.0	89.5	91.9	86.1	76.2	57.1	73.2
LOCAL SURVEYS								
Weighted Data								
Dallas	76.3	100.0	94.7	89.0	92.0	76.3	9.98	65.5
Ft. Lauderdale	92.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	87.5	88.9	69.4	90.5
Los Angeles	83.5	94.8	93.3	93.6	86.4	85.2	76.4	79.9
Miami	95.3	98.7	95.0	94.9	85.7	0.06	84.4	83.3
New Orleans	81.3	36.2	96.2	92.3	80.8	87.5	76.0	80.8
Philadelphia	78.4	97.4	94.9	8.98	81.8	7.97	69.7	54.4
San Diego	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
San Francisco	85.3	86.1	89.3	96.5	78.5	79.3	67.7	82.1
Unweighted Data								
Chicago	85.7	97.2	95.2	92.4	91.8	82.8	2.99	70.0
Houston	78.4	93.1	89.3	92.9	78.6	81.5	82.1	0.69
Local Median	84.4	97.3	94.9	93.2	86.0	85.5	72.8	80.3

^{*} Human immunodeficiency virus.



[†] For HIV-infected students and staff members.

[§] For HIV-infected students.

[¶] Survey did not include schools from Chicago.

^{**} Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.

Survey did not include schools from New Orleans.
 Survey did not include schools from Ft. Lauderdale and Miami.

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